

Journée des doctorants du LIG

Appréhender l'hétérogénéité à (très) large échelle

Raphaël Bleuse (raphael.bleuse@imag.fr)

sous la direction de

Grégory Mounié (gregory.mounie@imag.fr)

Denis Trystram (denis.trystram@imag.fr)



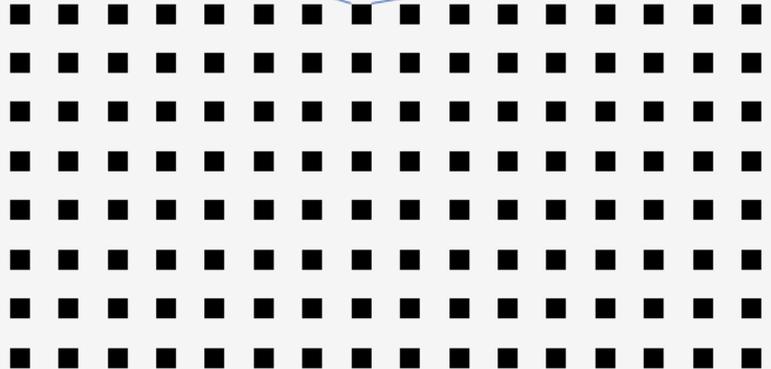
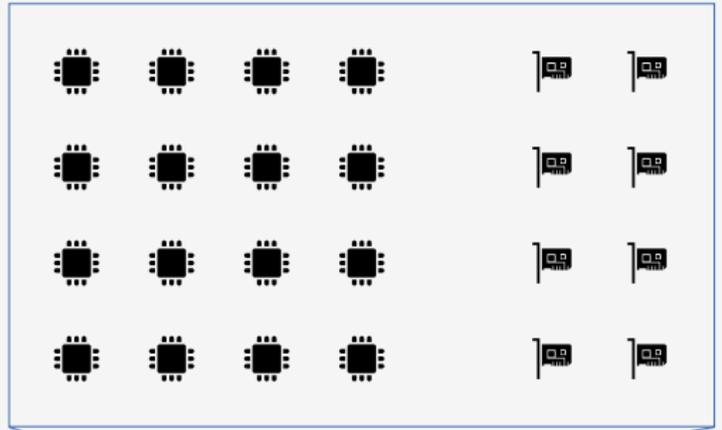
MOAIS



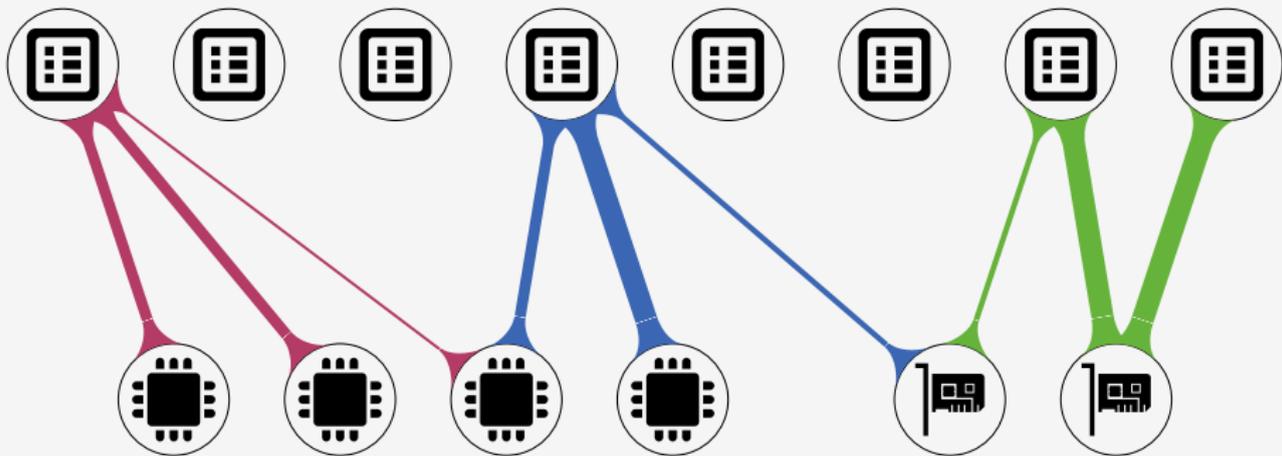
Inria

26 mars 2015

10^{18}







A group of approximately 20 penguins, likely King penguins, are gathered on a large, jagged ice floe. They are arranged in a loose line, with one penguin in the foreground appearing to be in motion, possibly jumping or landing. The background shows a vast expanse of water and a hazy horizon.

LET'S GO

MASSIVELY PARALLEL

An approach to reasoning about graph transformations

Jon Hal Brenas, Rachid Echahed, Martin Strecker

LIG, IRIT

26/03/2015

Example

We give a small example:

Pre: $R : \text{Researcher} \wedge L : \text{Lab}$

addR($R \text{ Member } L$);

while ($\exists \tau. \neg(L \text{ T_i } \tau) \wedge R : \exists \text{Pub.}(\exists T. \{\tau\})$) {

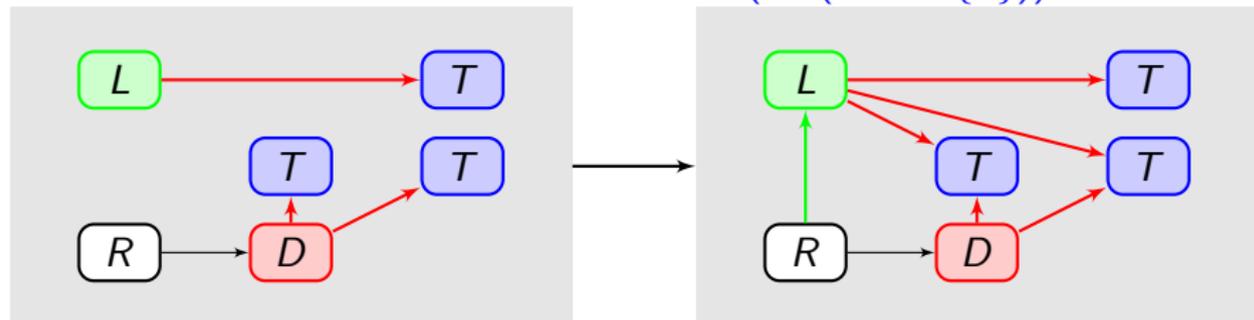
 Inv: $R : \text{Researcher} \wedge L : \text{Lab}$

select τ **with** $\neg(L \text{ T_i } \tau) \wedge R : \exists. \text{Pub}(\exists. T\{\tau\})$;

addR ($L \text{ T_i } \tau$)

};

Post: $R : \text{Researcher} \wedge L : \text{Lab} \wedge R : \forall \text{Pub.}(\forall T. (\exists T_i. \{L\})) \wedge R \text{ Member } L$

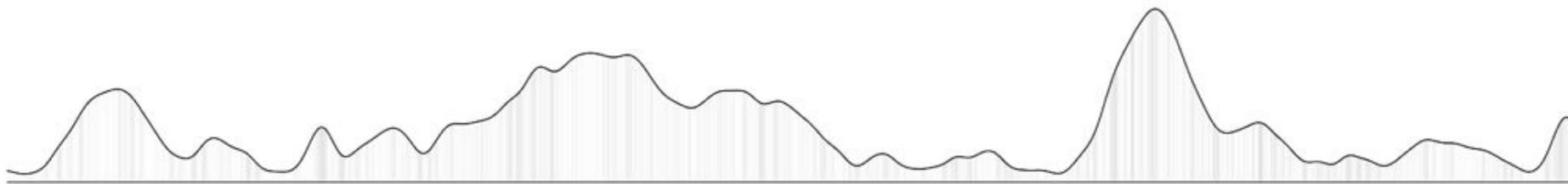


Thank you for your attention.

Multi-scale Interaction Techniques for the Interactive Visualization of Traces of Execution

Rémy Dautriche

Supervised by: Renaud Blanch, Alexandre Termier and Miguel Santana



Why?

Increasing complexity
of MPSoCs

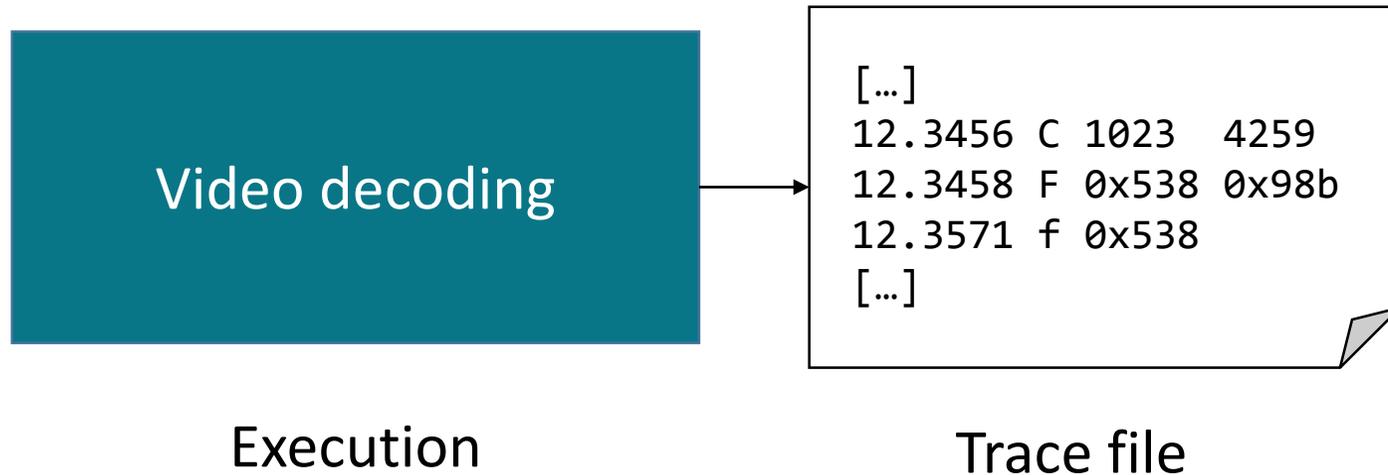
Increasing complexity
of embedded software:
heterogeneous systems,
parallel architecture

Increasing complexity
of industry standards
(H265, U4K)

Huge impact on cost and time development



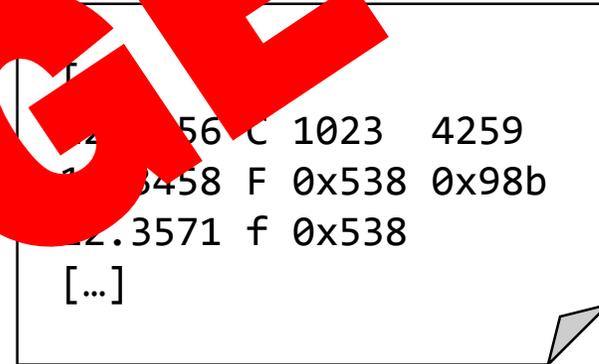
Data: Execution Traces



Data: Execution Traces



Execution

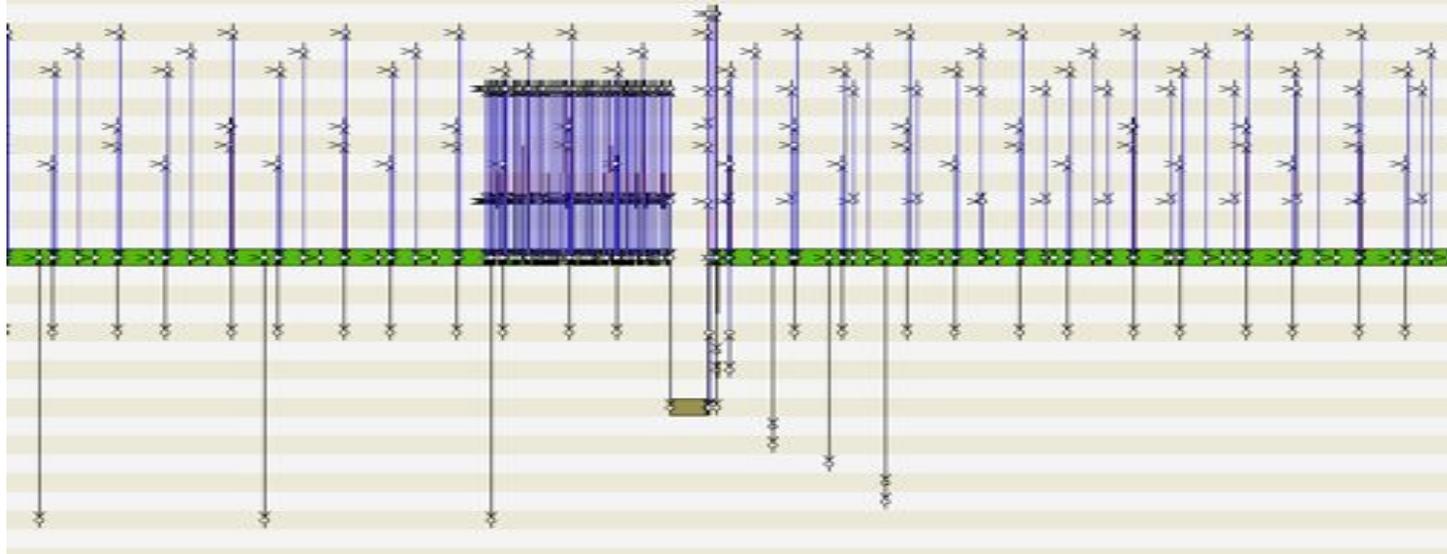


Trace file

HUGE

$\sim 10^6$ to 10^9 events

Challenges

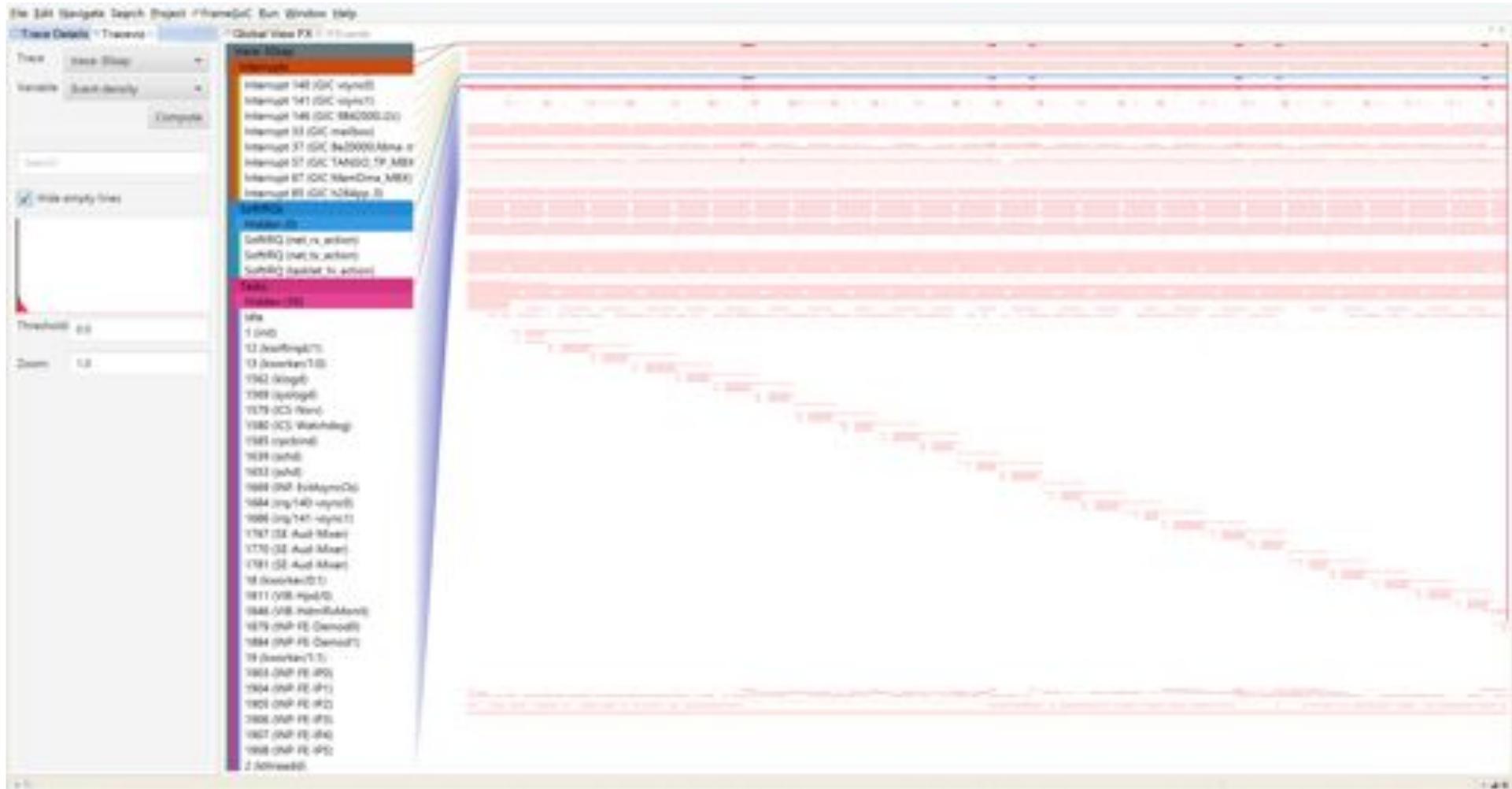


Current tools do not scale

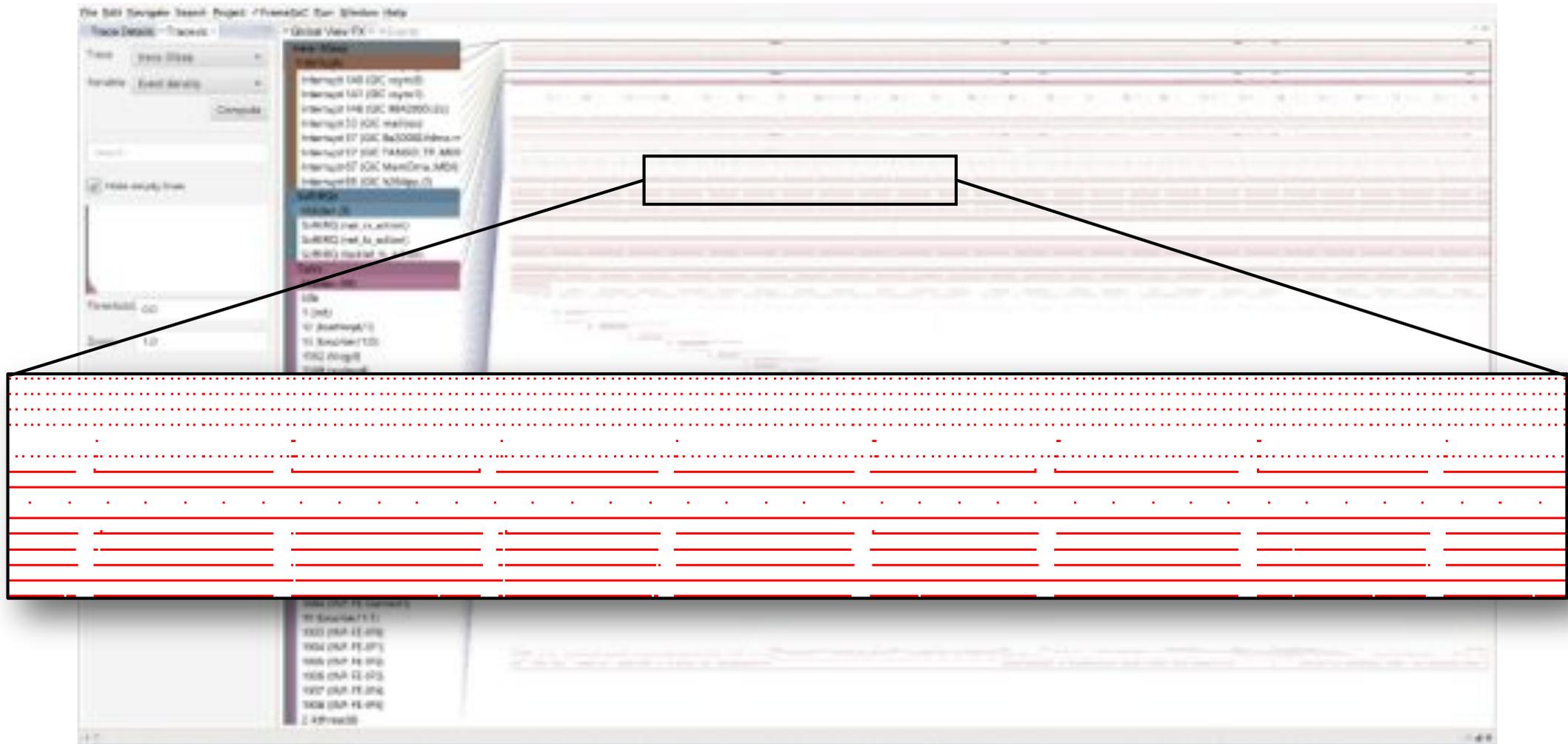


Develop new visualization techniques
to handle this amount of data

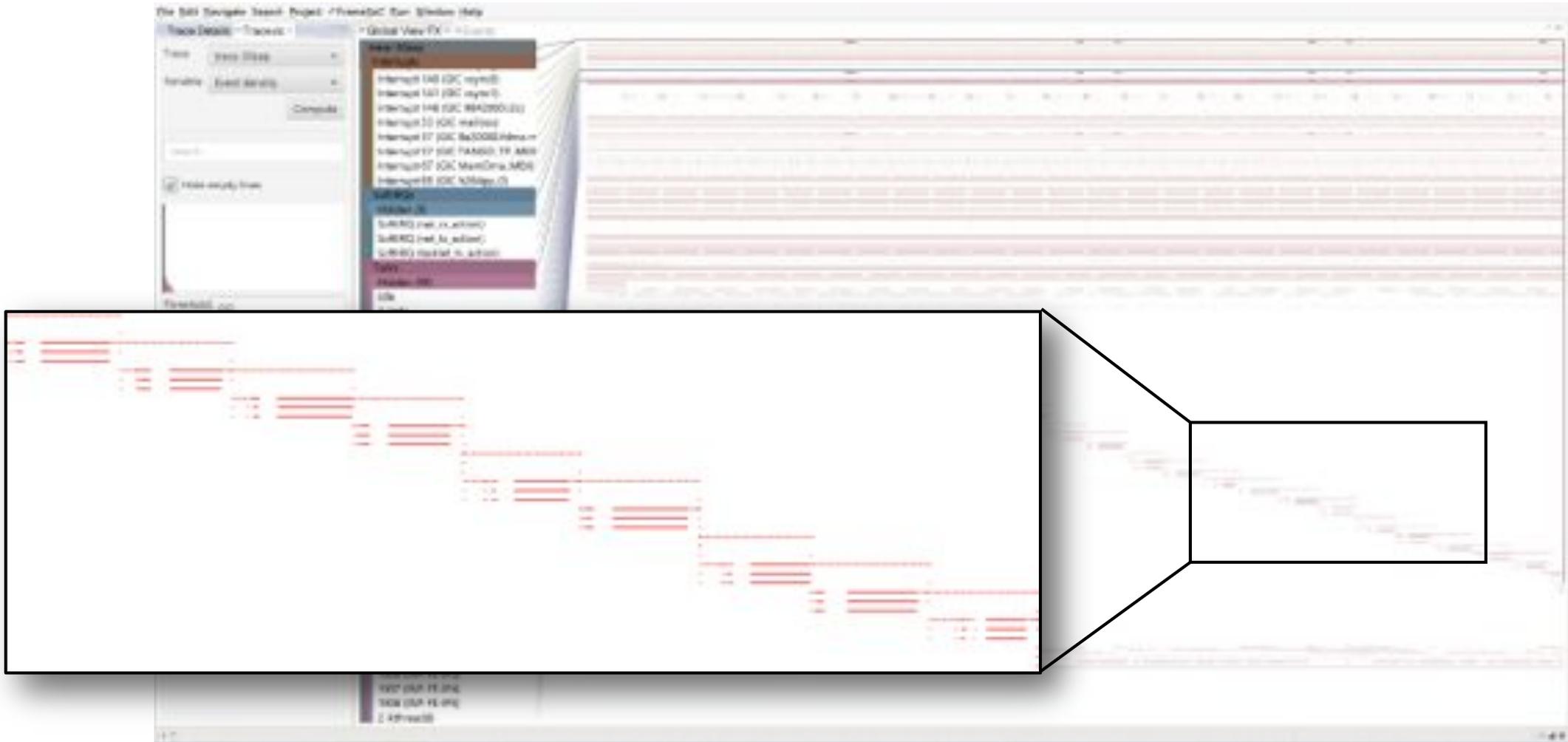
TraceViz: Overview of trace + filtering



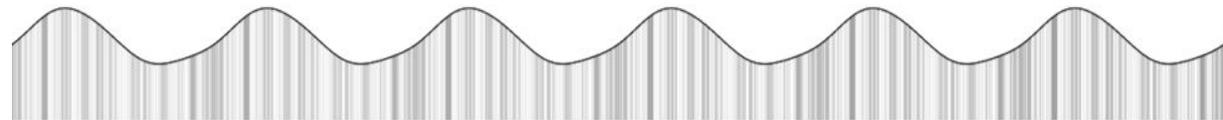
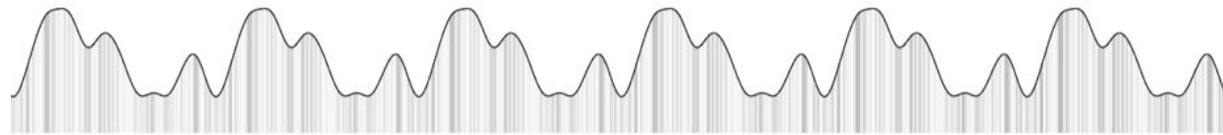
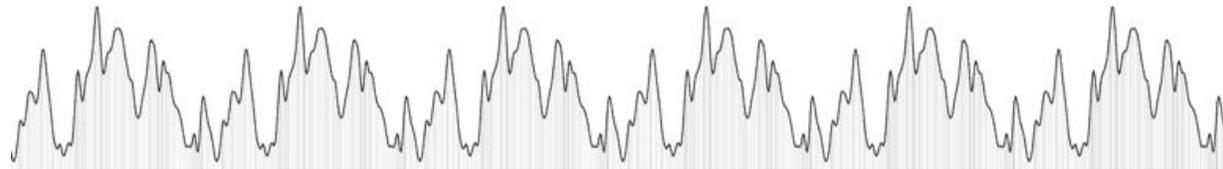
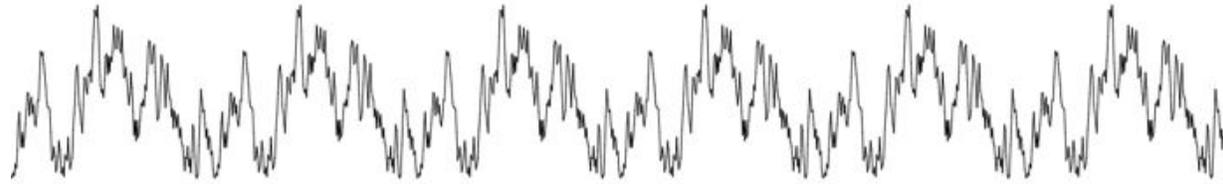
TraceViz: Detect similar and periodic behavior



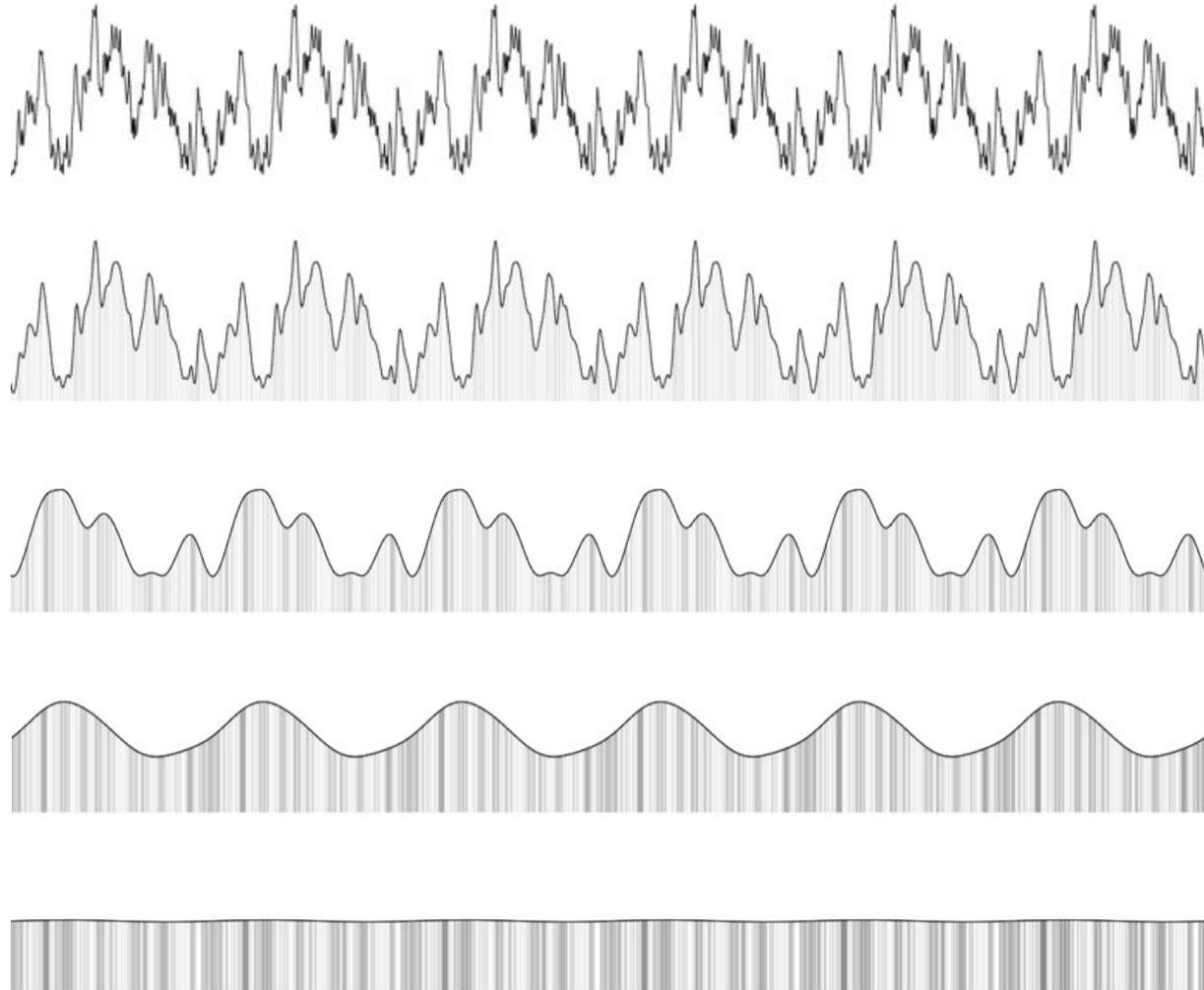
TraceViz: Identify execution patterns



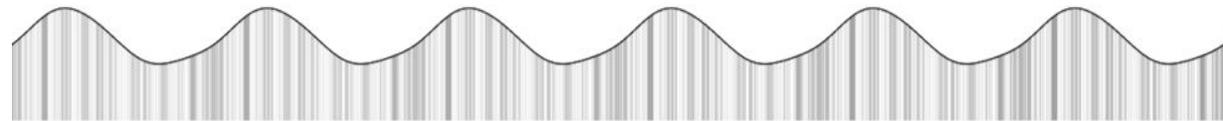
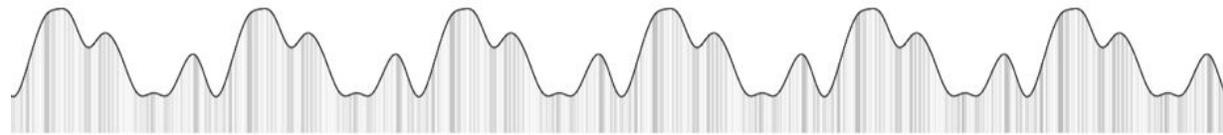
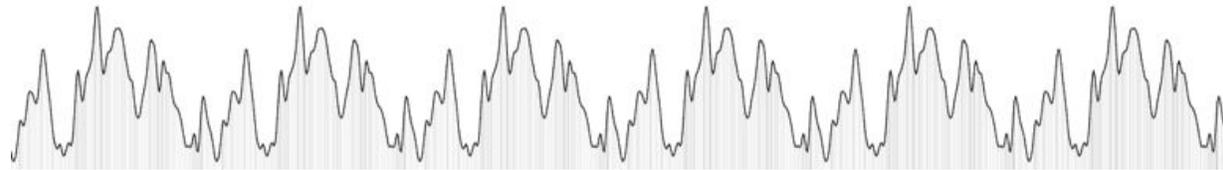
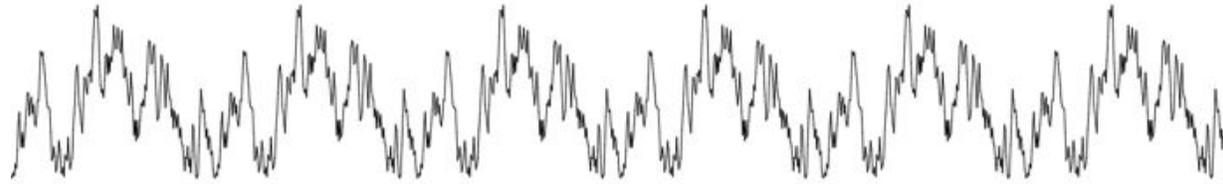
Slick Graphs: Interactive smoothing technique



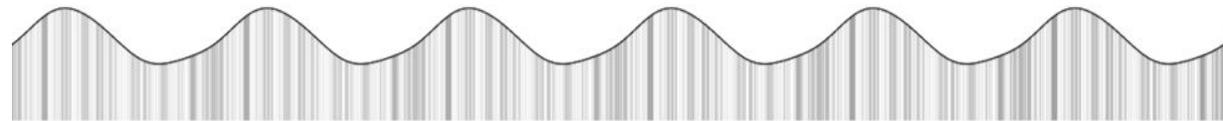
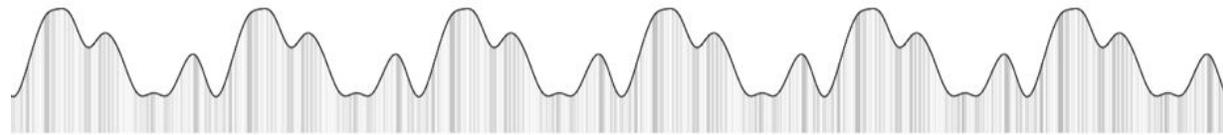
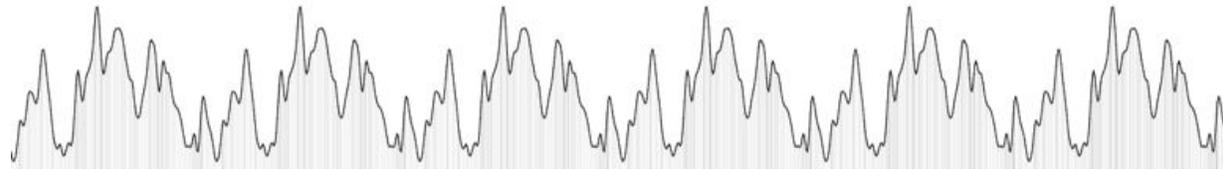
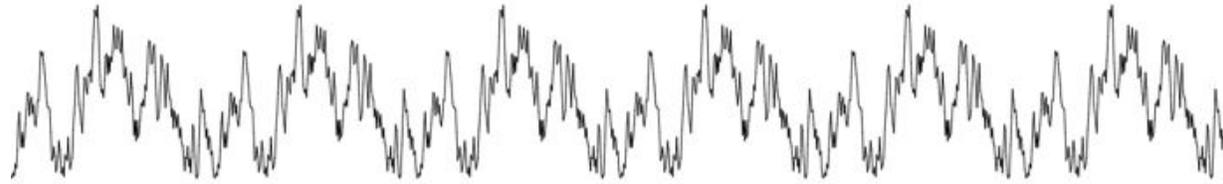
Slick Graphs: Period detection



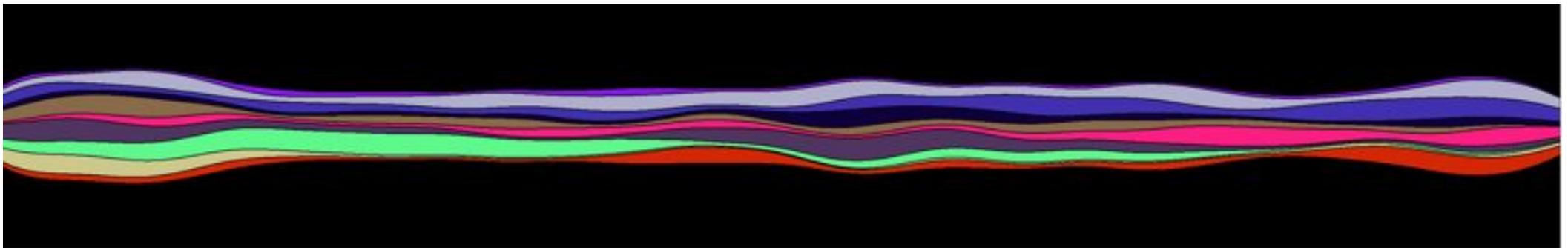
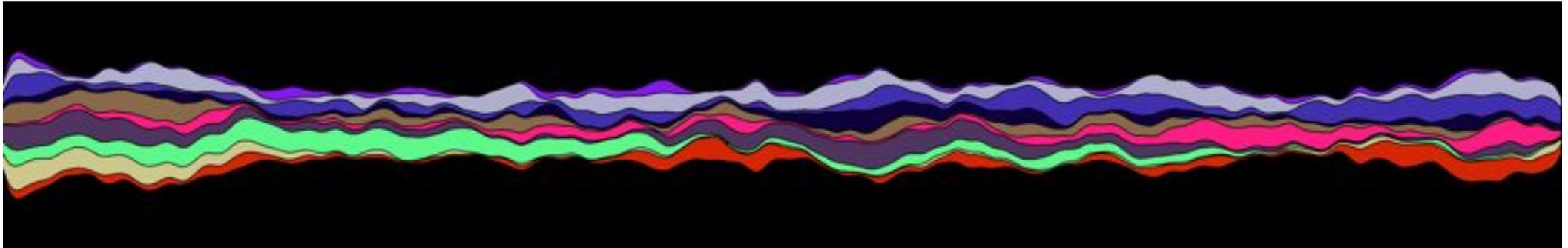
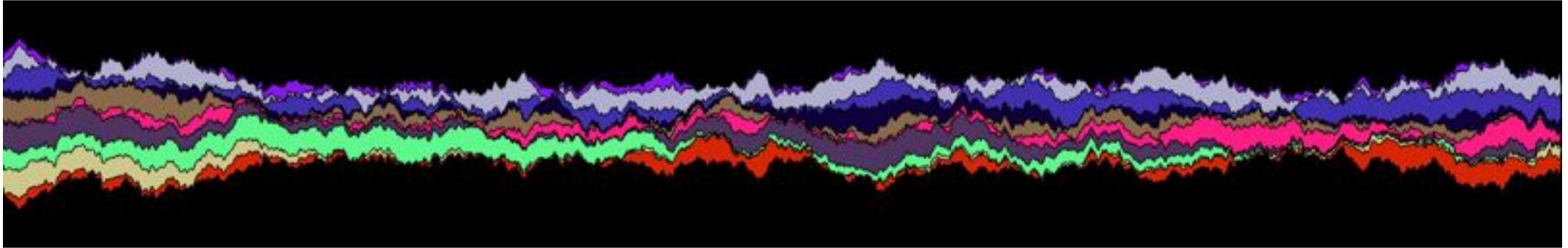
Slick Graphs: No information loss



Slick Graphs: Scalability



Slick Graphs: Integration with existing techniques



What's next?

- Integrating TraceViz and Slick Graphs
 - Industrial deployment at STMicroelectronics
- Enrich visualizations using data mining techniques for
 - Automatic error detections
 - Pattern detections

Thanks !





Journée des doctorants
Laboratoire d'Informatique de Grenoble

Construction de protocoles de soins auto-adaptatifs pour le suivi des maladies

Amira Derradji - 2^{ème} année Thèse CIFRE

Encadrants

Recherche (LIG - SIGMA)

Agnès Front
Christine Verdier



Industriel (Arcan Systems)

Vincent Bouzon



26 mars 2015

Prise en charge médicale à domicile



Le protocole de soins ...

HYPOGLYCEMIE : Taux inférieur à 0,6 g/l voir 0,8g si hyperglycémies prolongées antérieures



- ↳ Variable d'un sujet à autre, toujours les mêmes pour un même patient.
- ↳ Irritabilité, vision floue, fatigue, comportement inhabituel, trouble parole, somnolence, palpitations, pâleur, sueurs, tremblements, faim, céphalées.

Actions

- ↳ Arrêt de l'activité et s'asseoir.
- ↳ Se resucrer avec 3 sucres soit 15 g de sucre ou équivalents jus de fruit, 1 càS de confiture ou de miel (éviter biscuits et chocolat).
- ↳ Tout de suite après faire glycémie dans les 15 mn suivant resucrage.
- ↳ Contrôler de nouveau la glycémie 30 mn plus tard si reste bas, reprendre 15 g de sucres et un sucre lent.
- ↳ **Si inconscient glucagon en IM.**
- ↳ Rechercher la cause de hypo.
 - quantité féculent insuffisant repas sauté
 - activité physique plus importante
 - stress infection
 - médicaments
 - erreur dans traitement etc
- ↳ Prévoir ultérieurement une adaptation du traitement ou alimentation en cas d'activité plus importante



Non personnalisé pour le patient

Non adapté au patient (forme orale, texte ou graphique)

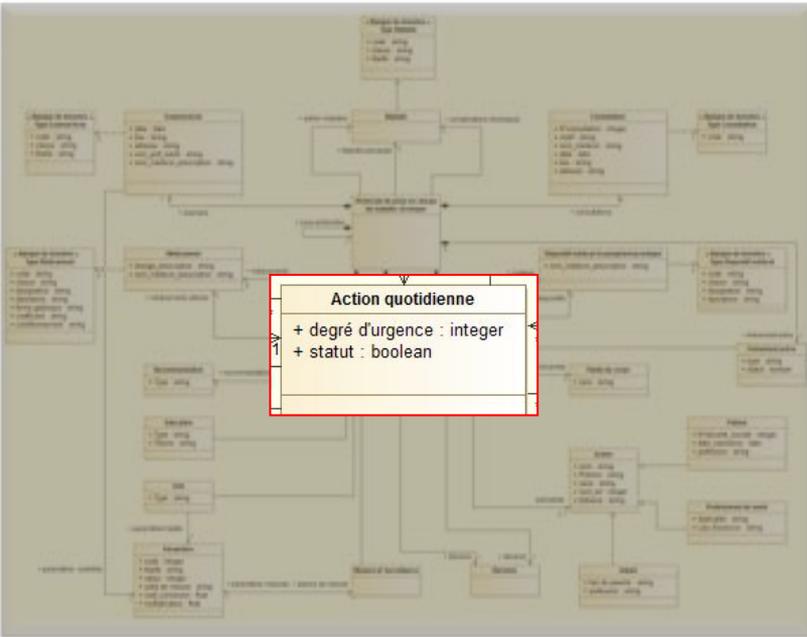
Ne permet pas le suivi à distance par l'équipe médicale

Ne permet pas de prendre en compte les imprévus



- ✓ **Workflow Management System (WFMS)**
- ✓ **Approches d'adaptation**

Langage orienté patient



Filterer les imprévus



Adapter le protocole de soins



**Améliorer l'IHM patient
Reconnaissance de la parole**



Merçi de votre attention

Vers un outil auteur pour des EIAH destinés à l'apprentissage de méthodes de résolution

Awa Diattara, équipes : MeTAH - LIG & TWEAK - LIRIS

OBJECTIF

Permettre à un enseignant de n'importe quel domaine de pouvoir concevoir lui-même un EIAH de type AMBRE

POINTS CLES

- Assistance à l'utilisateur
- Généralisation à partir d'exemple

QUESTIONS DE RECHERCHE

1. Acquisition des connaissances suffisantes pour faire du raisonnement?
2. Comment concilier l'acquisition des connaissances avec la conception de l'interface de l'EIAH?

Le problème à résoudre

Romain et Kevin jouent aux billes, Romain avait 5 billes et en a donné 4. Combien lui reste-t'il de billes?

45

?

Resoudre la solution (aide toi du modèle)

le problème s'écrit: $1 + 1 = 4$

l'opération s'écrit: $1 + 1 = 4$

la solution est: $1 + 1 = 4$

Réponse

Thomas a 54 bonbons

Thomas a 54 bonbons

Exemple de l'EIAH AMBRE-add

Ambre

Apprentissage de
Méthodes
Basé sur le
Raisonnement à partir de l'
Expérience





DESIGN OF A BAYESIAN MACHINE

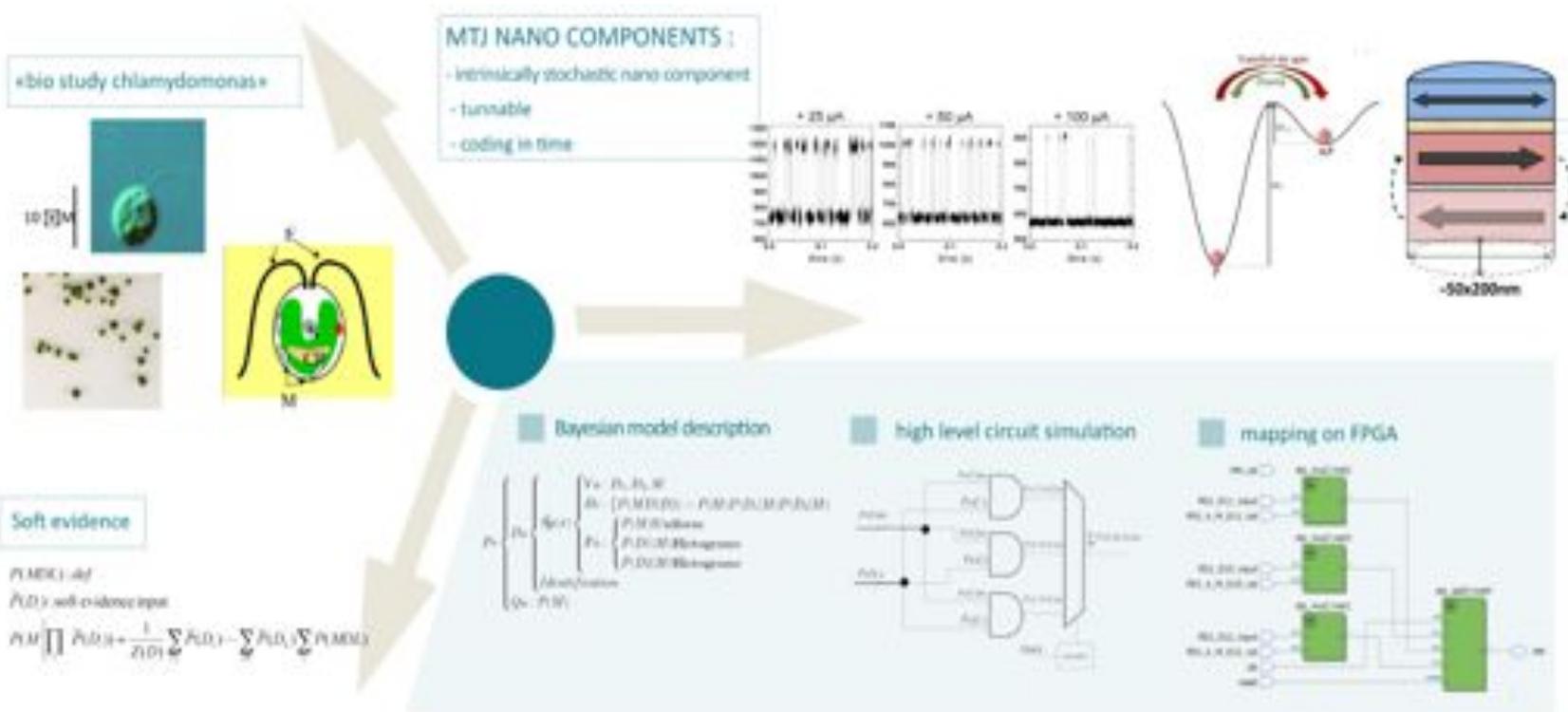
Marvin Faix

PhD Student day's 26-03-15

Thesis director : Emmanuel Mazer, LIG-INRIA

Thesis co-director : Laurent Fesquet, TIMA

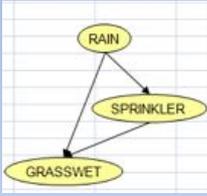
BAMBI PROJECT



- How to represent a probabilistic data ?
- What is a probabilistic chip ?

Algorithmic

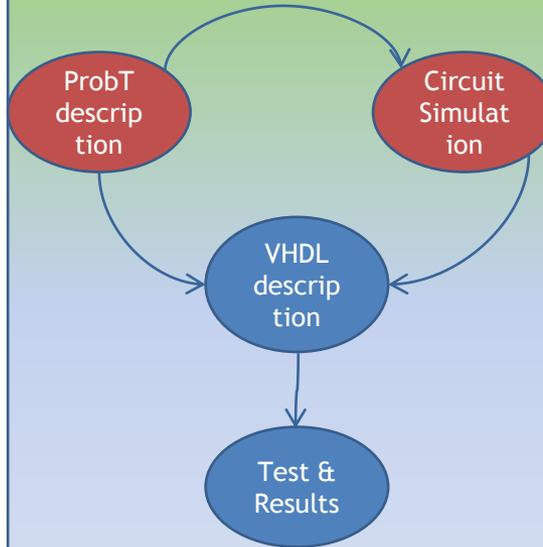
- Bayes Inference Problem



$$\frac{\sum_{s \in \{0,1\}} P(\text{RAIN} = 1) P(\text{SPRINKLER} = s | \text{RAIN} = 1) P(\text{GRASSWET} = 1 | \text{SPRINKLER} = s, \text{RAIN} = 1)}{\sum_{r \in \{0,1\}} \sum_{s \in \{0,1\}} P(\text{RAIN} = r) P(\text{SPRINKLER} = s | \text{RAIN} = r) P(\text{GRASSWET} = 1 | \text{SPRINKLER} = s, \text{RAIN} = r)}$$

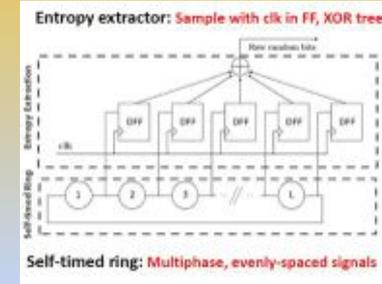
- Soft Inference:
P(S | P(D1) P(Dn))

Software/ compiler

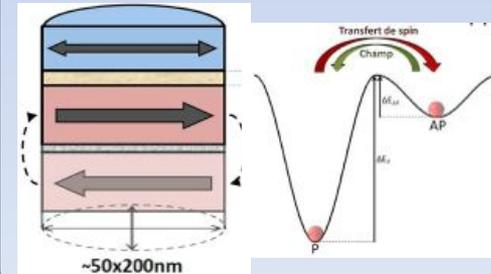


Innovative Hardware

- CMOS approach: TRNG



- Nano device approach



Efficient algorithms to mine per-item patterns in user-generated data

Martin Kirchgessner

SLIDE team

advised by Sihem Amer-Yahia & Vincent Leroy



`martin.kirchgessner@imag.fr`

Journées des doctorants du LIG - Mars 2015

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item patterns in **user-generated data**

ie., any data organized as “(plenty) lists of items”

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item patterns in **user-generated data**

ie., any data organized as “(plenty) lists of items”

- ▶ Supermarket receipts (Datalyse project)
- ▶ Playlists (the poster's examples)
- ▶ Web history
- ▶ ...

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item patterns in **user-generated data**

1. eggs, sugar, flour, butter, nuts
2. flour, sugar, eggs, milk
3. paper, flour, eggs, sugar
4. flour, eggs, sugar
5. butter, bread, cheese
6. flour, sugar, eggs, bread, carrots
7. salad, bread, sugar, flour, eggs
- ...

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item **patterns** in user-generated data

1. eggs, sugar, flour, butter, nuts
2. flour, sugar, eggs, milk
3. paper, flour, eggs, sugar
4. flour, eggs, sugar
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7. salad, bread, sugar, flour, eggs
- ...

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item **patterns** in user-generated data

1. eggs, sugar, flour, butter, nuts
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6. flour, sugar, eggs, bread, carrots
7. salad, bread, sugar, flour, eggs
- ...

But we have a billion receipts !

Efficient algorithms to mine **per-item patterns** in user-generated data

We propose a way to:

- ▶ organize the result set
- ▶ reduce the result set

Efficient algorithms to mine per-item patterns in user-generated data

ie. “parallelized”

- ▶ on multi-core
- ▶ on Hadoop clusters

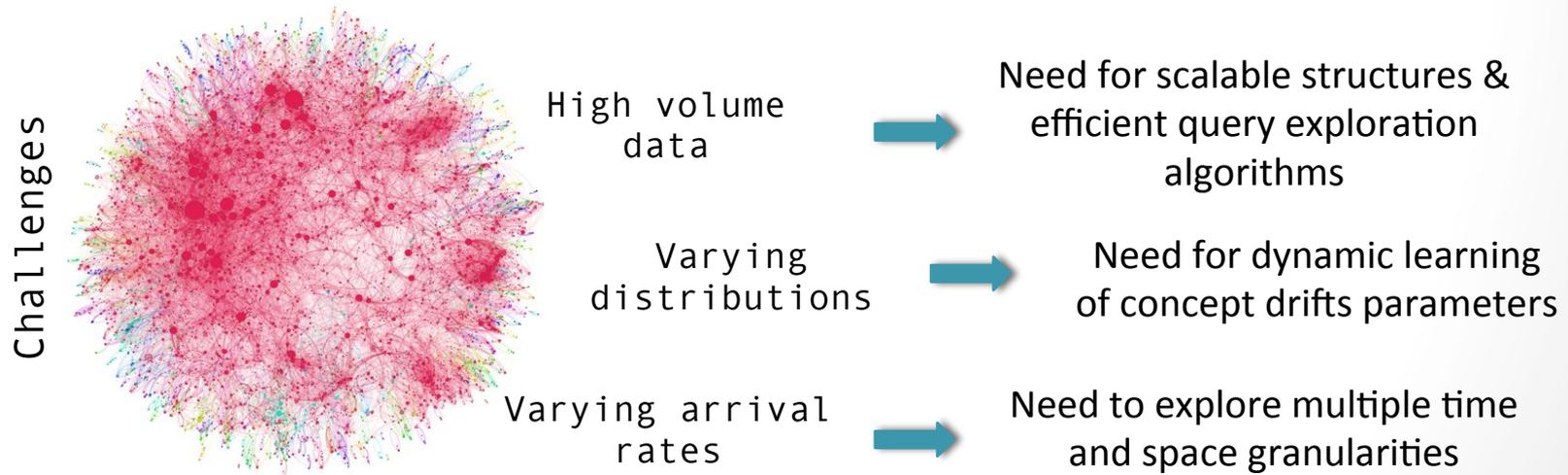
Spatio-Temporal Concept Drift Exploration

Sofia Kleisarchaki

Advisors: Sihem Amer-Yahia, Ahlame Douzal-Chouakria,
Vassilis Chistophides

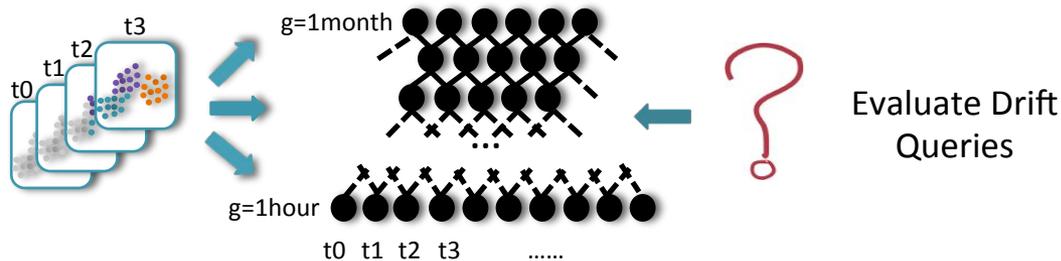
Context

- Imagine the ‘Universe of Data’
 - Consists of data forming *concepts evolving in spacetime*
- Analysts as Observers & Explorers
 - Observe the universe to *reveal concept drifts*
 - Explore the observable space to *query time and space dynamics* of concept drifts

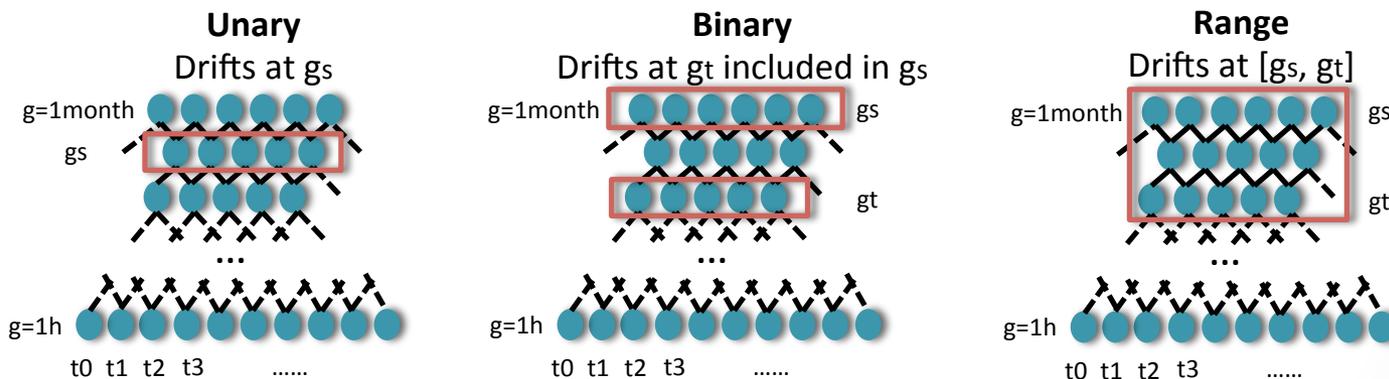


Approach & Contributions

- Provide a scalable drift index maintaining concepts in multiple time granularities

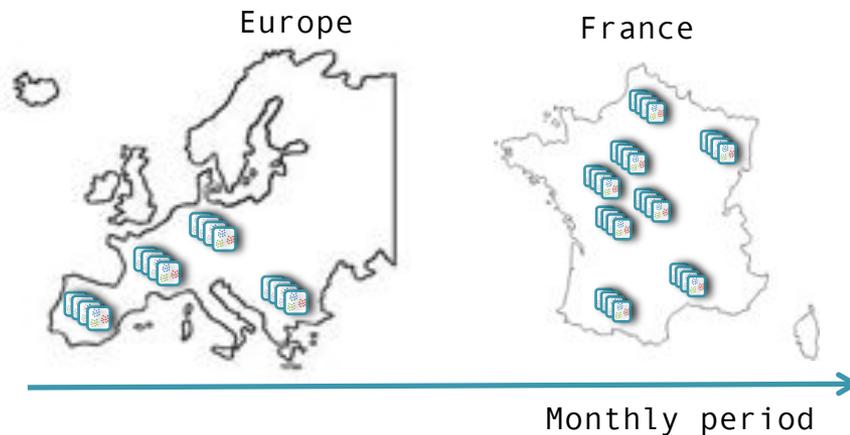


- Formalize flexible drift queries and evaluate efficiently



Future Work

- Explore the spatial dimension of geo-annotated data
 - Drifts occur at several geographic levels (e.g., Europe, France) and time granularities (e.g., day, month)



- Provide a flexible approach for querying spatio-temporal concept drifts



Développement d'un robot attentionné pour l'aide aux personnes en situation de fragilité



Quentin Labourey

Directeurs :

Olivier Aycard – LIG

Denis Pellerin – GIPSA-lab





Pourquoi ?

- ✓ Surveillance de personnes fragiles par des capteurs dans l'infrastructure (caméras, micros...) est mal acceptée
 - Capteurs trop intrusifs, intégration coûteuse et complexe

- ✓ Développer un robot compagnon attentif pour la surveillance d'un ensemble de personnes en situation de fragilité
 - Robot bien visible équipé d'une tête

- ✓ Robot compagnon attentif capable de
 - Percevoir son environnement
 - Analyser des situations complexes
 - Focaliser son attention
 - Naviguer dans un environnement dynamique





Comment ? Meet Qbo !

Capteurs : Caméras & Micros
Actionneurs : Tête et base



Qbo = Système de perception active

Mes travaux portent sur :

- La perception (Détection de locuteurs, classification de sons, détection de visages...)
- La navigation « intelligente » (Comment construire son itinéraire pour la surveillance ?)





Rendez-vous au poster !



AMA

"Analyse de données, Modélisation et Apprentissage automatique"



Platform of Contextualization for the Personal Cloud

LIG PhD day – 26 March 2015

Anh Dung LE - SIGMA

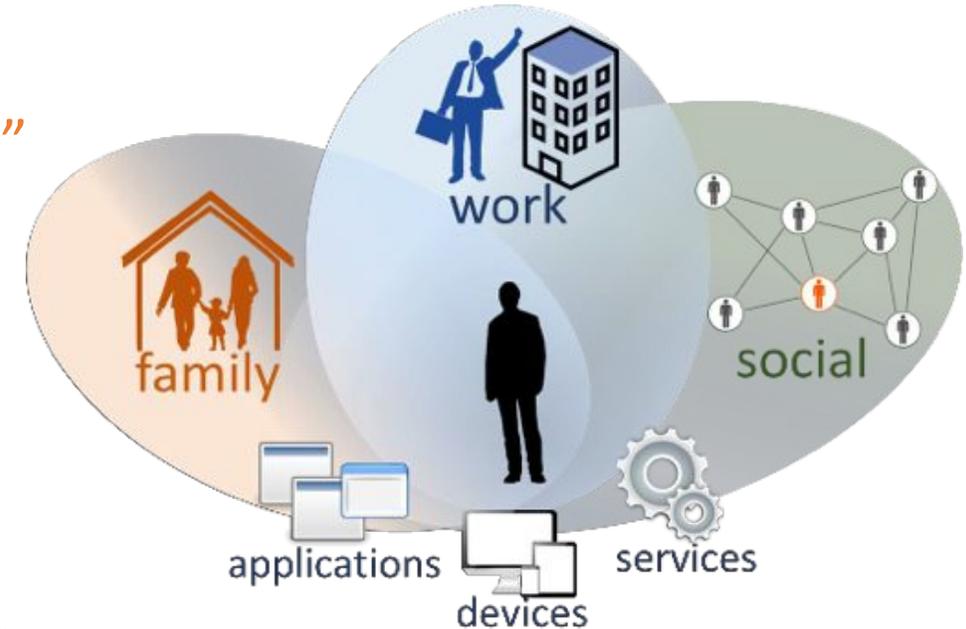


Personal Cloud and Contextualization

● Personal Cloud

“A place where I interact in safe with my digital life”

- Facilitate the management, the execution and the interaction of the user with his digital universe
- Personalized user experience

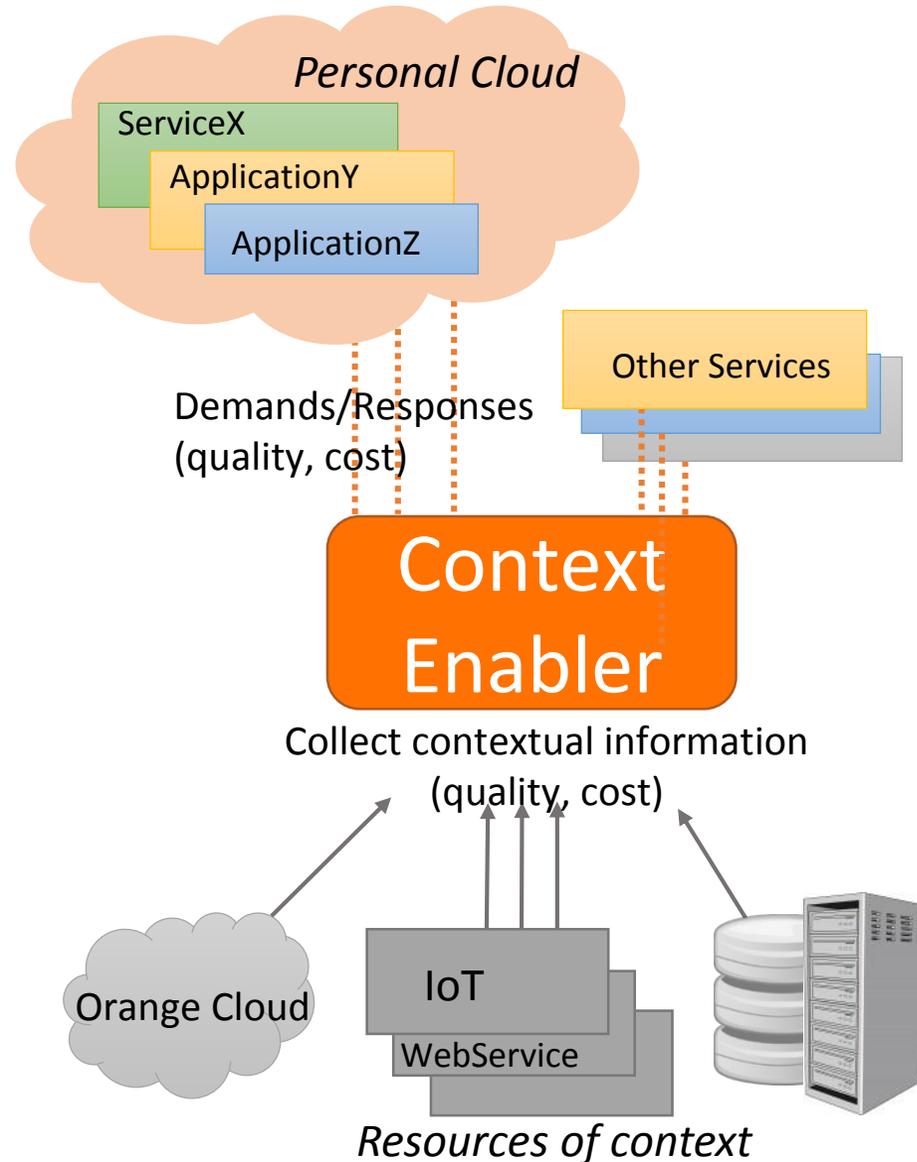


● How ? → *Context-awareness* to personalize the execution of application/service with:

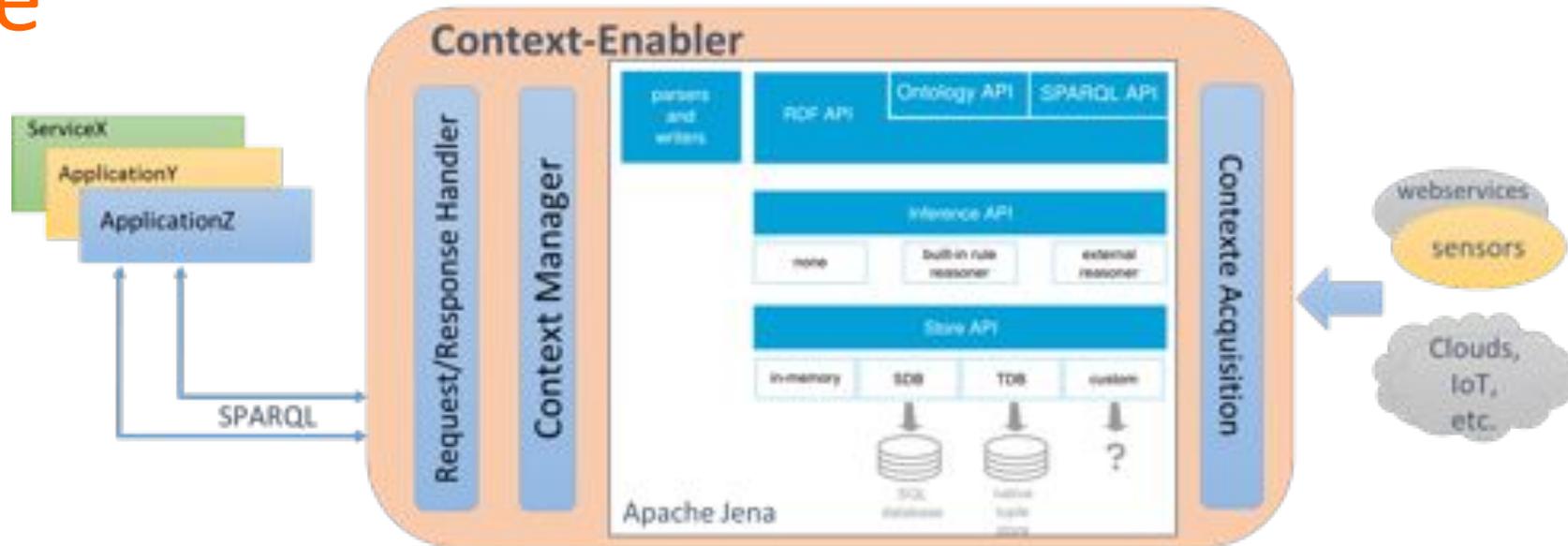
- Functional context: location, temperature, time, etc.
- Execution context: resources, data, user's profile, etc.

Feeding the Personal Cloud with a quality and cost-aware Context-Enabler

- Applications demand context with quality and cost constraints
- Semantic description, quality and cost information to classify and to make choices of context resources
- Continuous responses by adapting dynamically its context provisioning chain



Prototype



Context representation: Ontology OWL/RDF
RDF framework: Apache Jena
Rules of reasoning: SWRL

Query language: SPARQL, C-SPARQL
Communication/Messaging : RabbitMQ

Research perspectives

- Definition and implementation of the Quality and Cost of context aspects
- Representation and manipulation of semantically equivalent resources
- Language to query and to handle complex-context information
- Techniques to allow the dynamic adaptation of the Context-Enabler

Thank you 😊

Scheduling with contiguity and locality

Fernando Mendonca
supervised by
Denis Trystram Frédéric Wagner

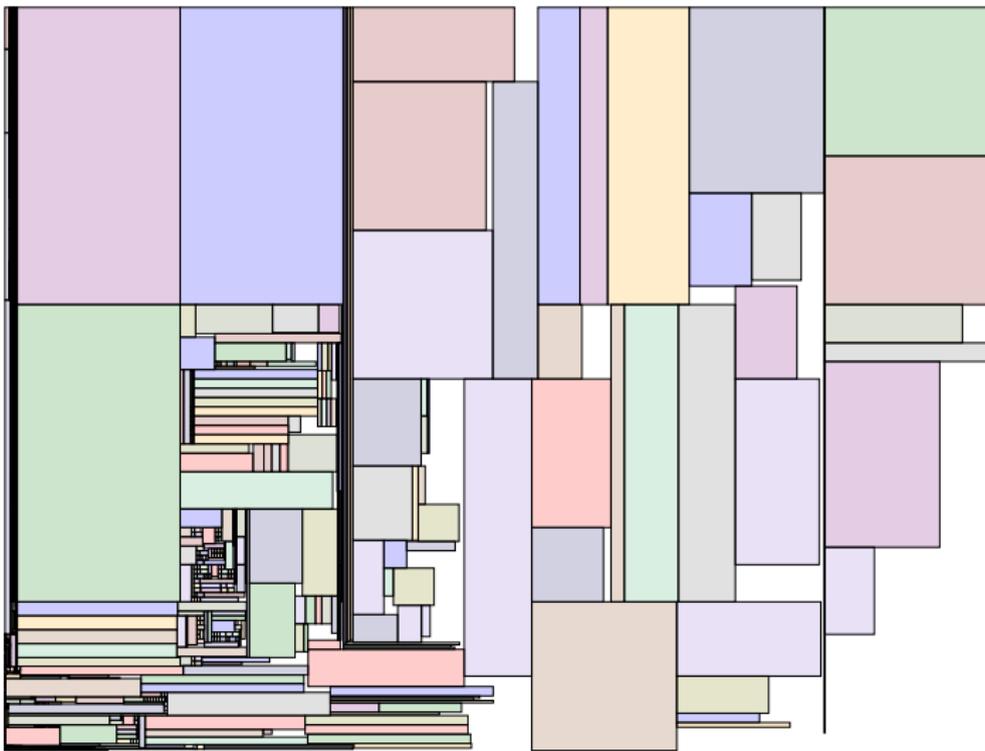


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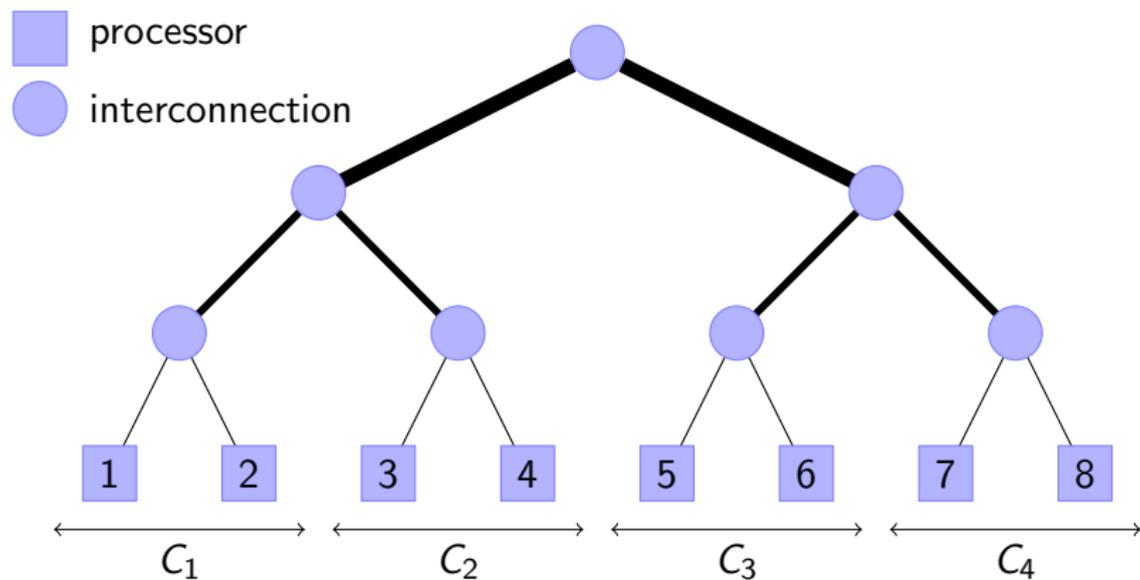
MOAIS

March 25, 2015

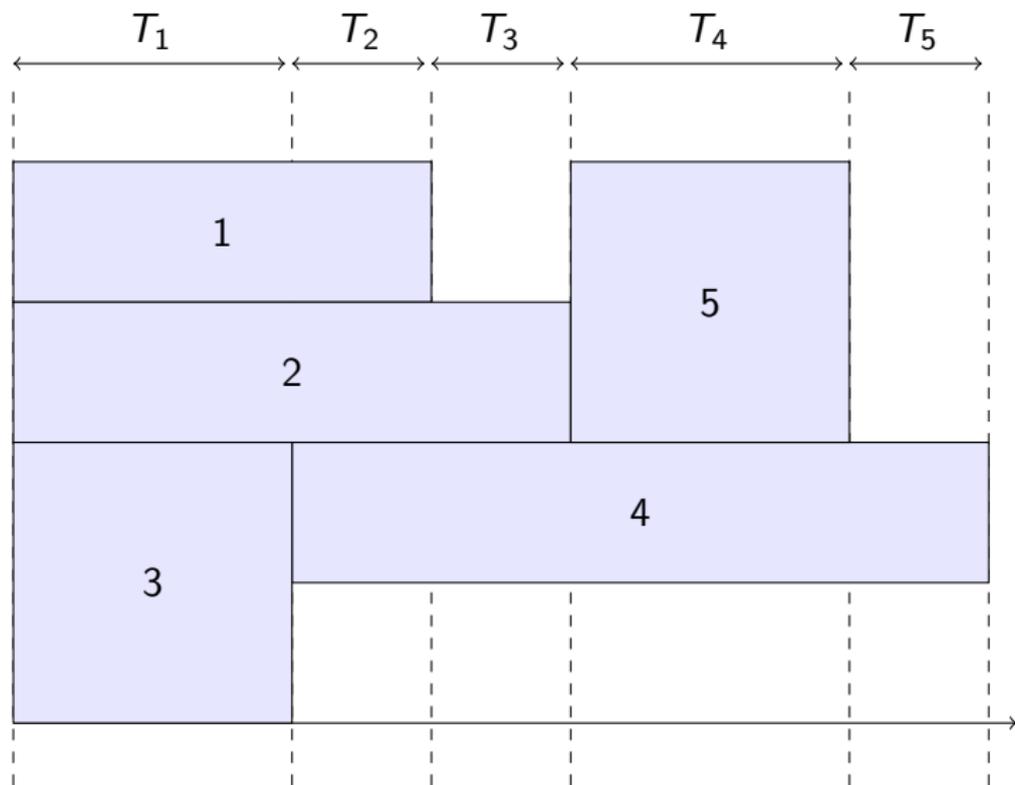
Batch schedulers

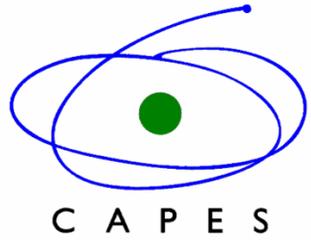


Platform



Algorithm





Privacy-aware Personal Information Discovery

Thiago Moreira da Costa

Supervisor: Hervé Martin



How to control personal privacy In the Big Data Era?

Big Data

Privacy Threats



Individual



Life Logging

Data Mining

Privacy Threats



Itinerary prediction

financial profile

sedentary life style profile

relationship status

health-status discovery

address discovery

addiction discovery

unaware surveillance

Personal Privacy



What to share?

To whom?

When to share?



Life Aspects



Privacy
policy



Finance



Health



Leisure



Social



**How to control personal
privacy In the Big Data Era?**

Privacy Preservation

Privacy Preservation Platform

Personal Privacy

Life Aspects + Privacy Policy

Big Data

Life Logging + Data Mining

**Personal Information
Discovery
Contract**

Personal Privacy



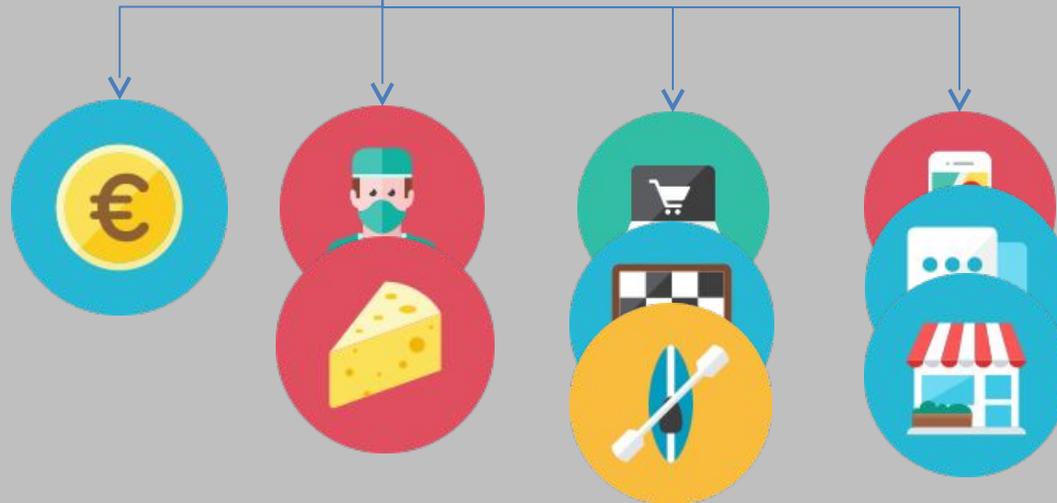
Data Producer

CONTRACT

Life Aspects



Data analysis



Data Consumer



UNIVERSITÉ
GRENOBLE
ALPES



Steamer

Thank You!



Human-Robot Motion: an Attention-Based Navigation Approach

Rémi Paulin

LIG – INRIA, équipe PRIMA

Supervisors : Thierry Fraichard and Patrick Reignier

Journée des doctorants LIG 2015

26 Mars 2015

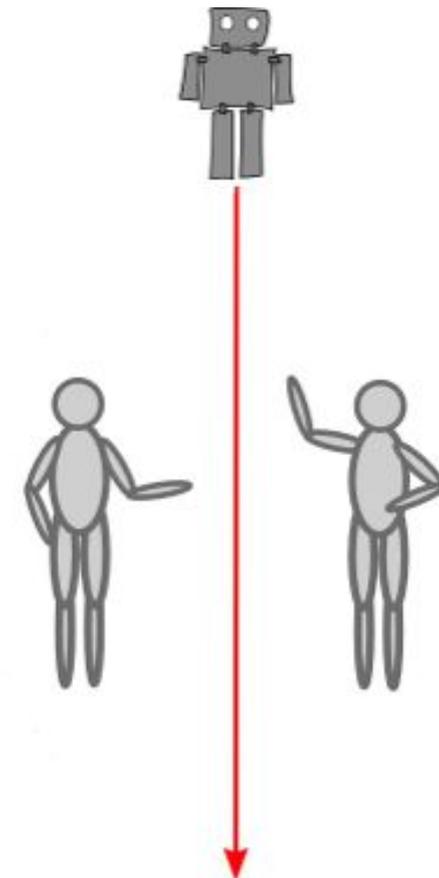
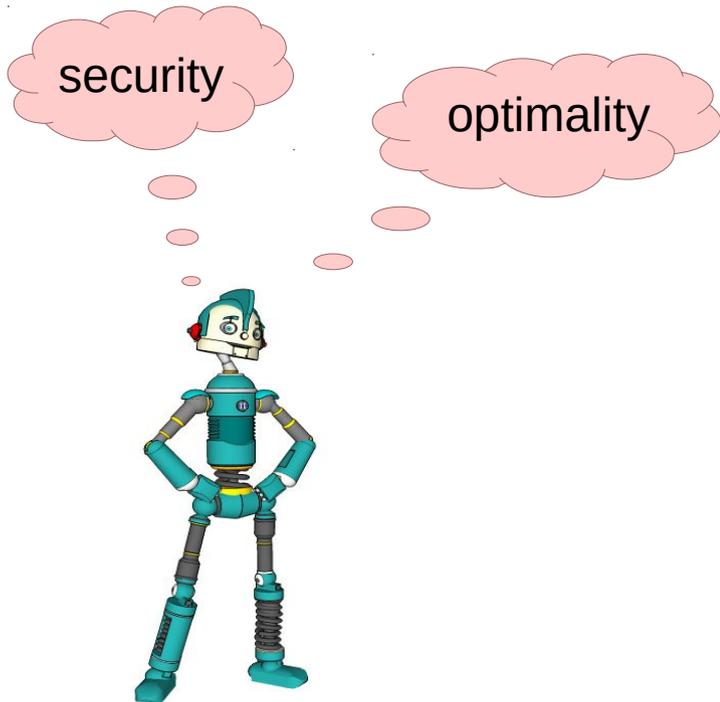
1997



2005



Robots see humans as mobile objects.

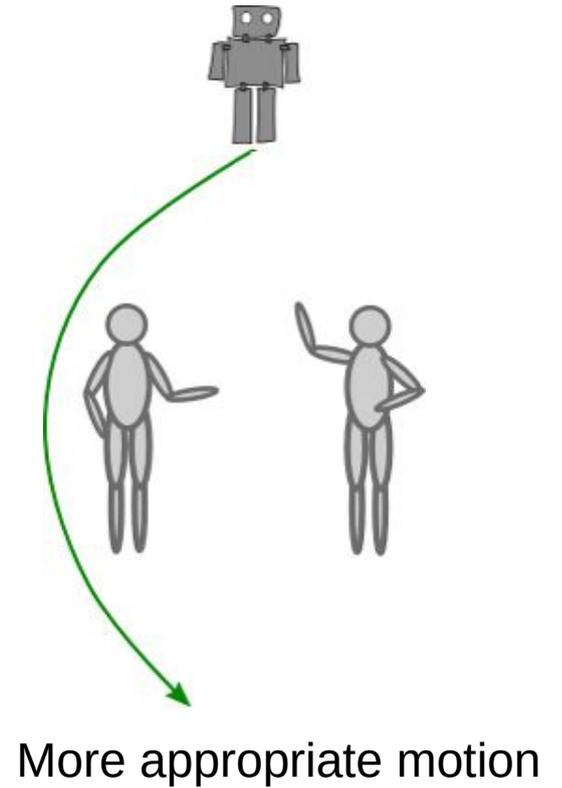
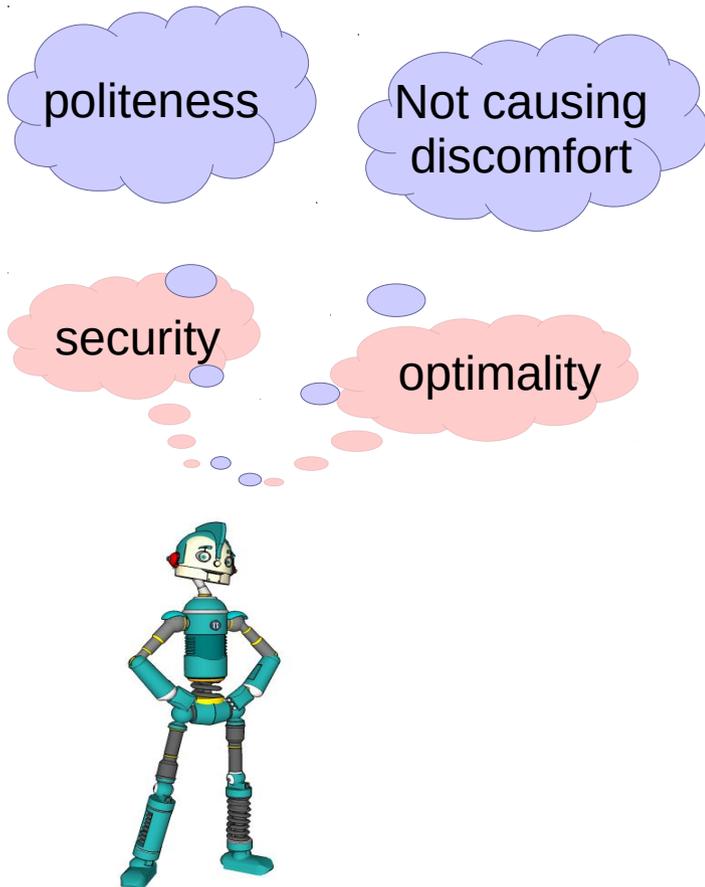


motion safe and optimal
but inappropriate

2005

now

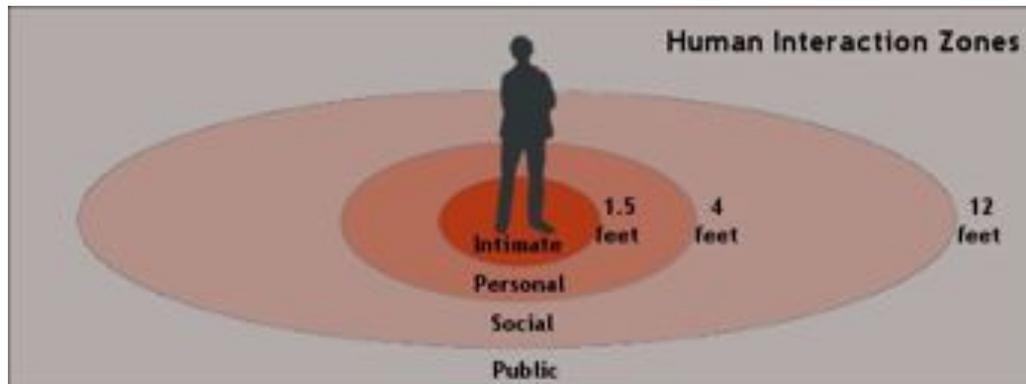
Robots see humans as social entities.



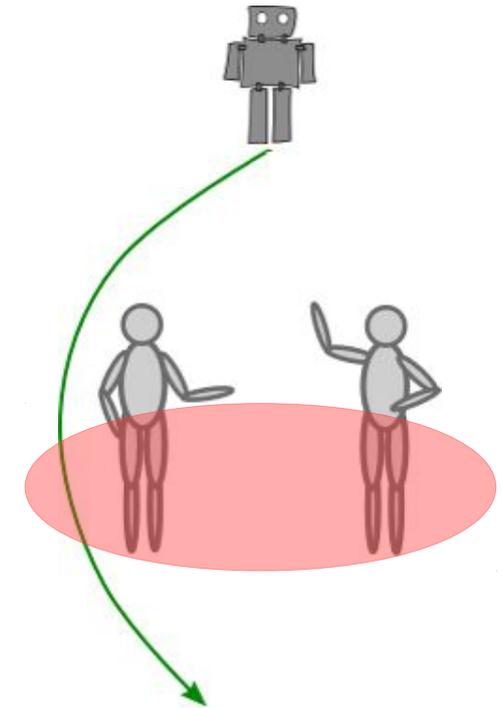
State-of-the-art: social spaces

[Lindner & Eschenbach 11]

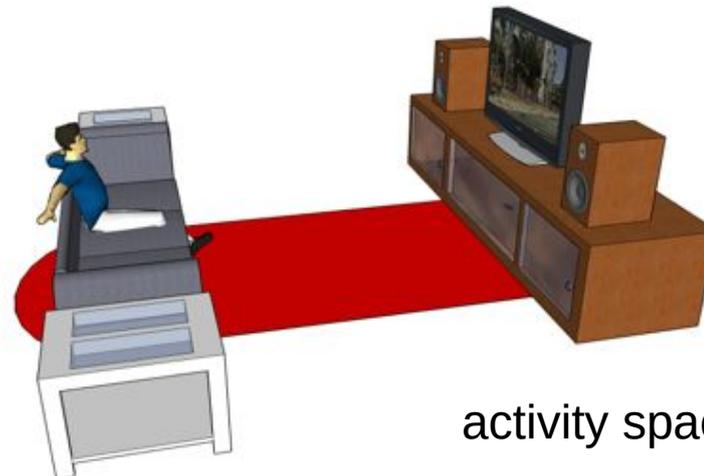
Social space: regions of space where the presence of others causes discomfort.



personal space

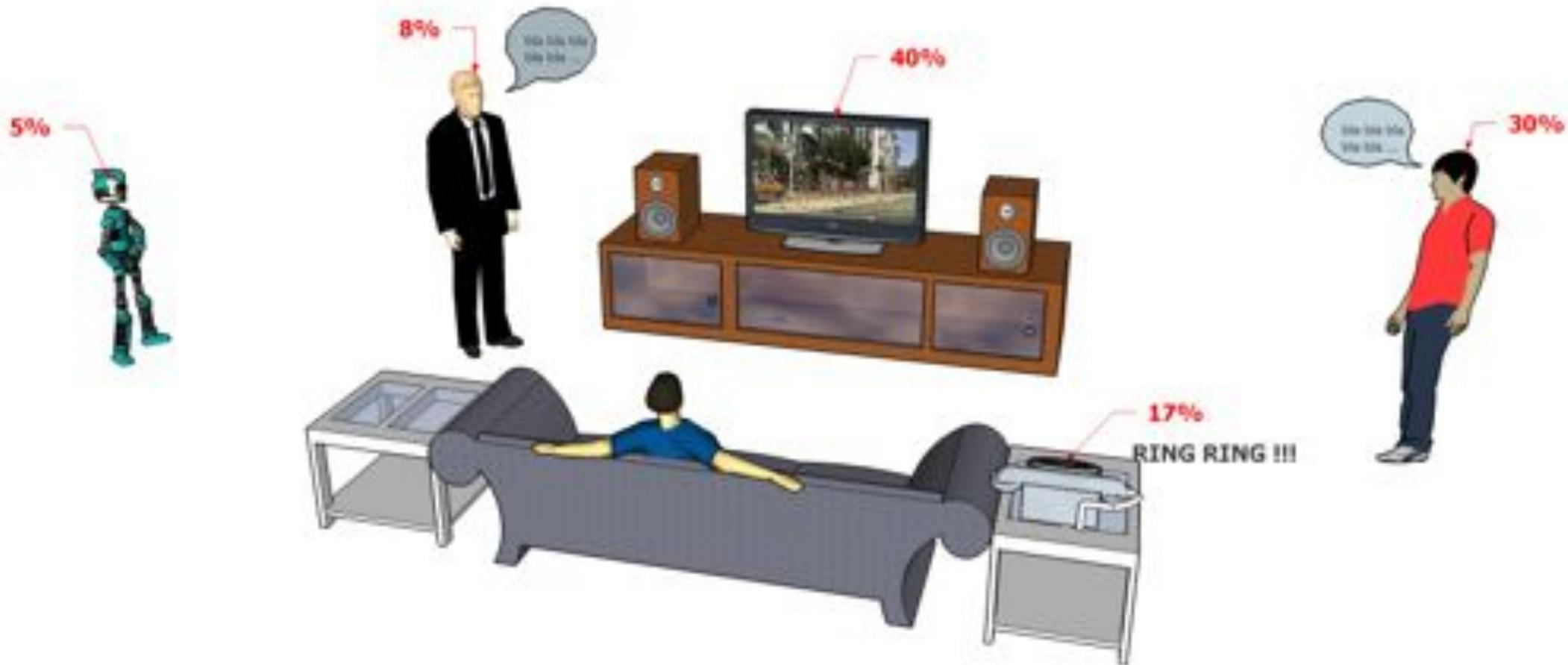


interaction space



activity space

Attention: a new tool for navigation



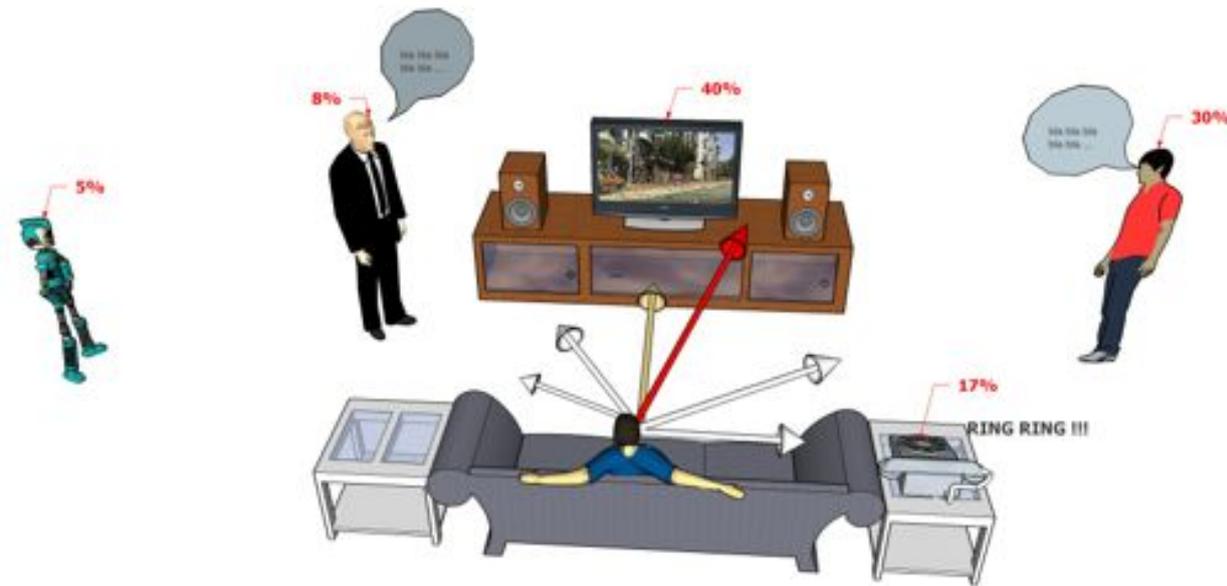
Attention Model [Maisonnasse et al 06]

$$\text{Attention} = f(\text{Intention}, \text{Distractions})$$

Individual's activity

Salience of entities

general direction of attention focus.

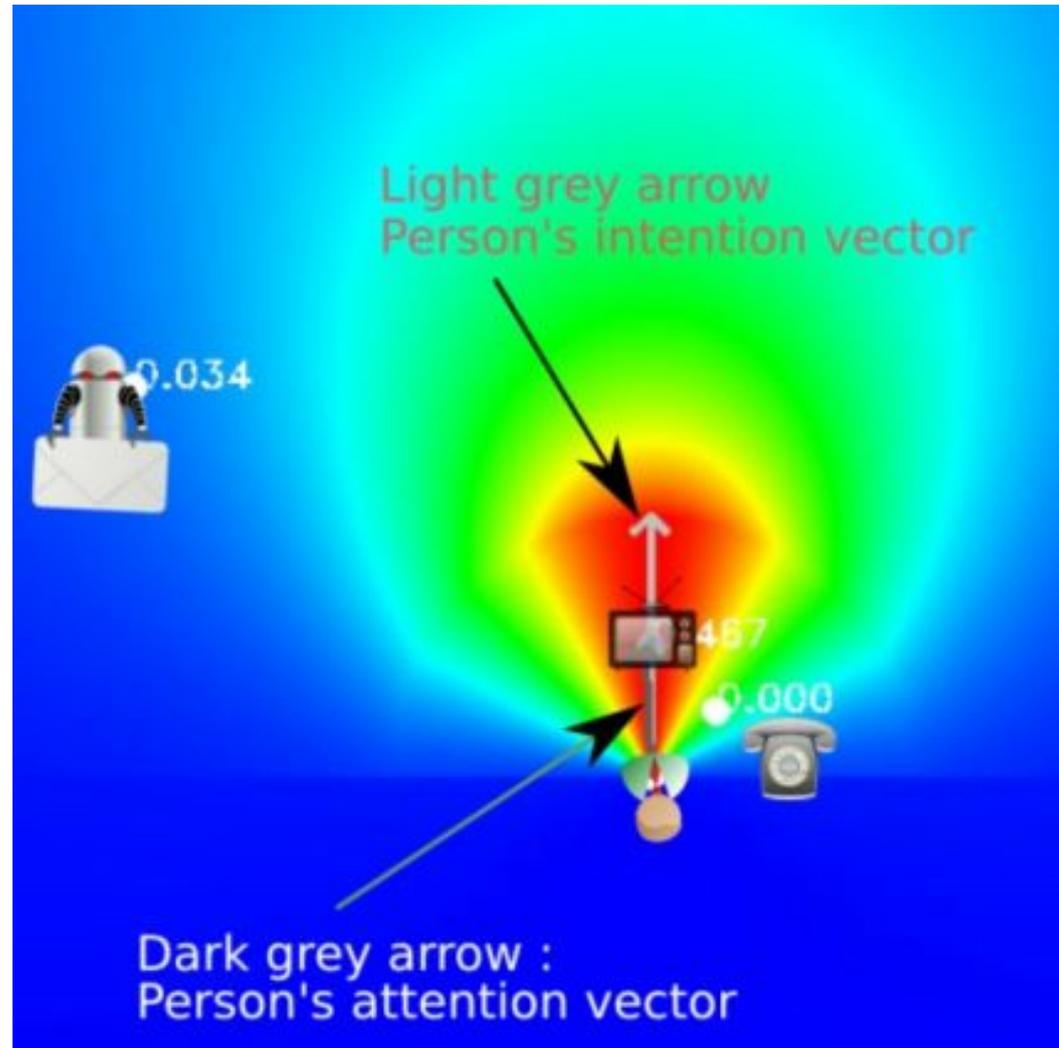


Scenario

	—	8%	30%	5%	40%	17%
	45%	—	2%	35%	8%	10%
	60%	3%	—	20%	2%	15%

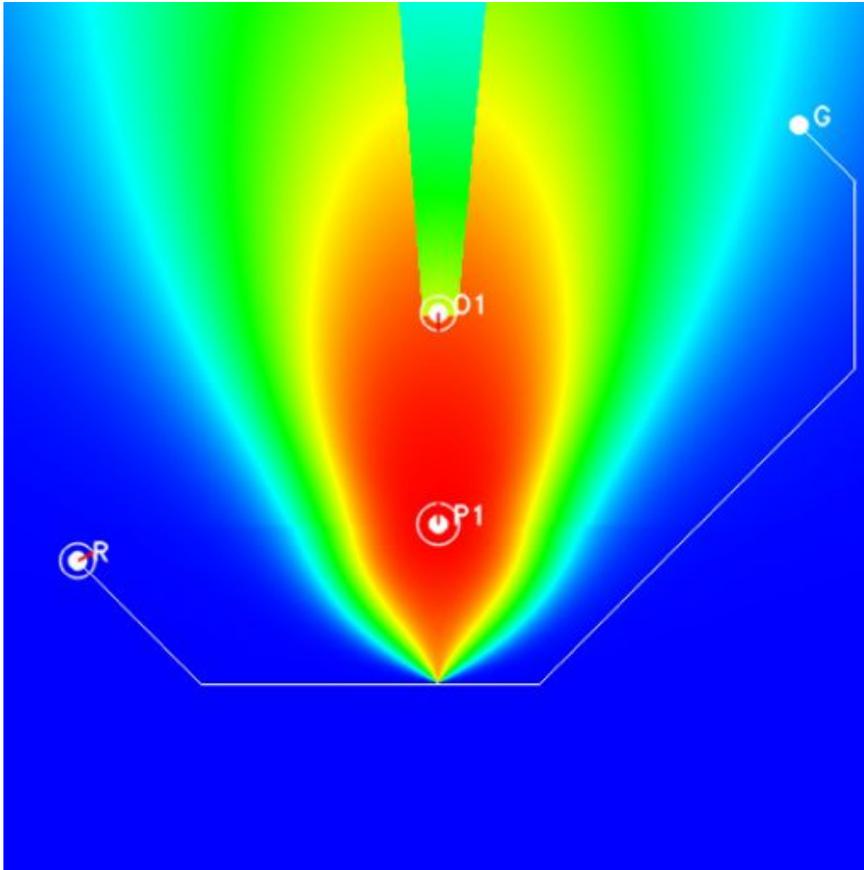
Attention matrix

First results: Attention Field

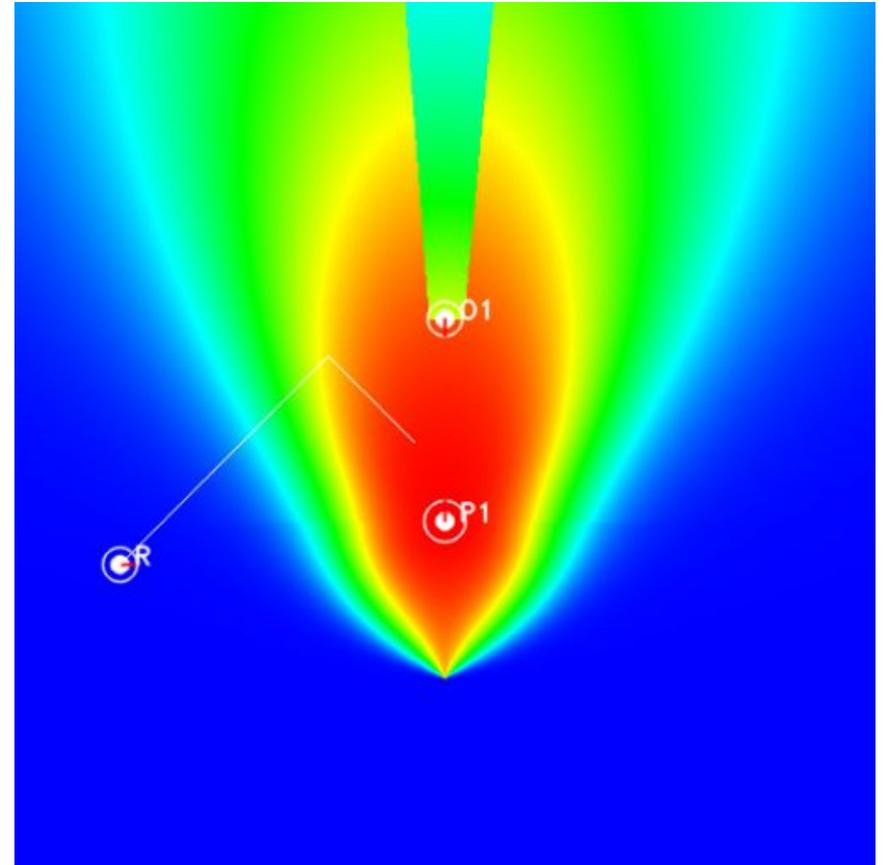


T. Fraichard, R. Paulin, and P. Reignier, *Human-robot motion: An attention-based navigation approach* (ROMAN14)
Nominated for best paper award

Navigation based on the *attention field*

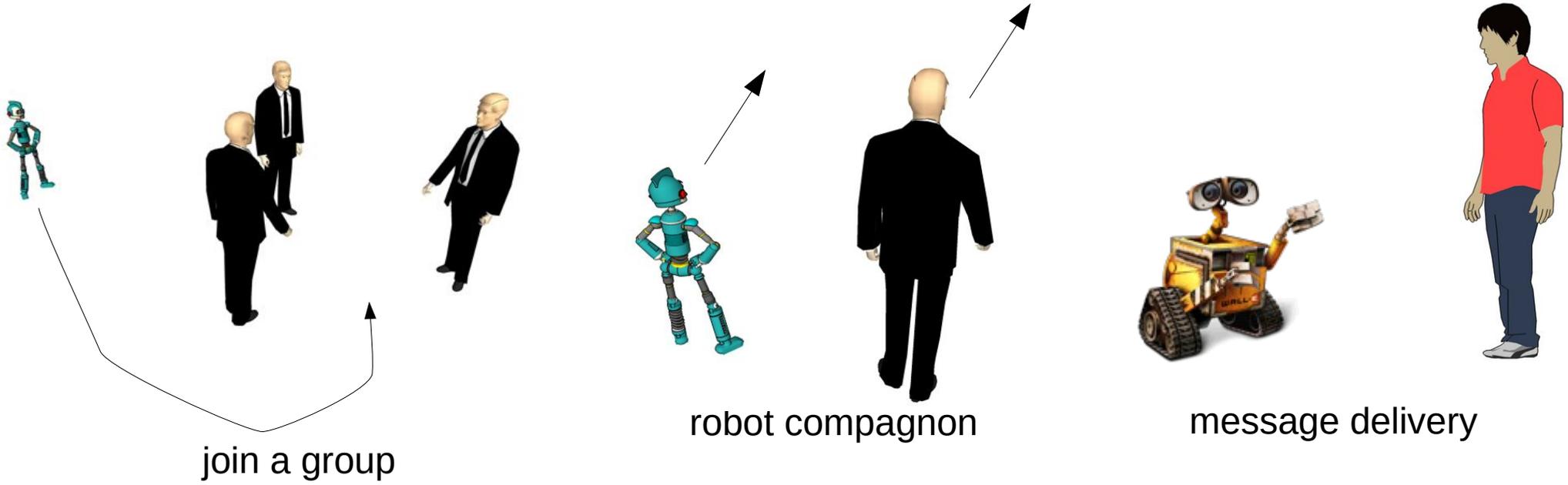


do not disturb

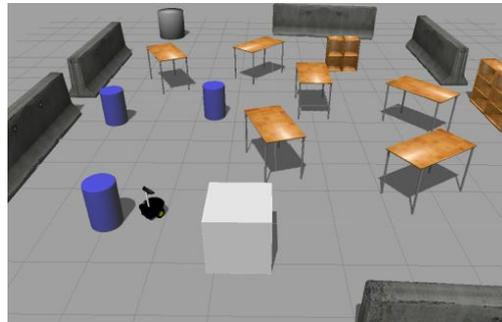


attract attention

Ongoing work



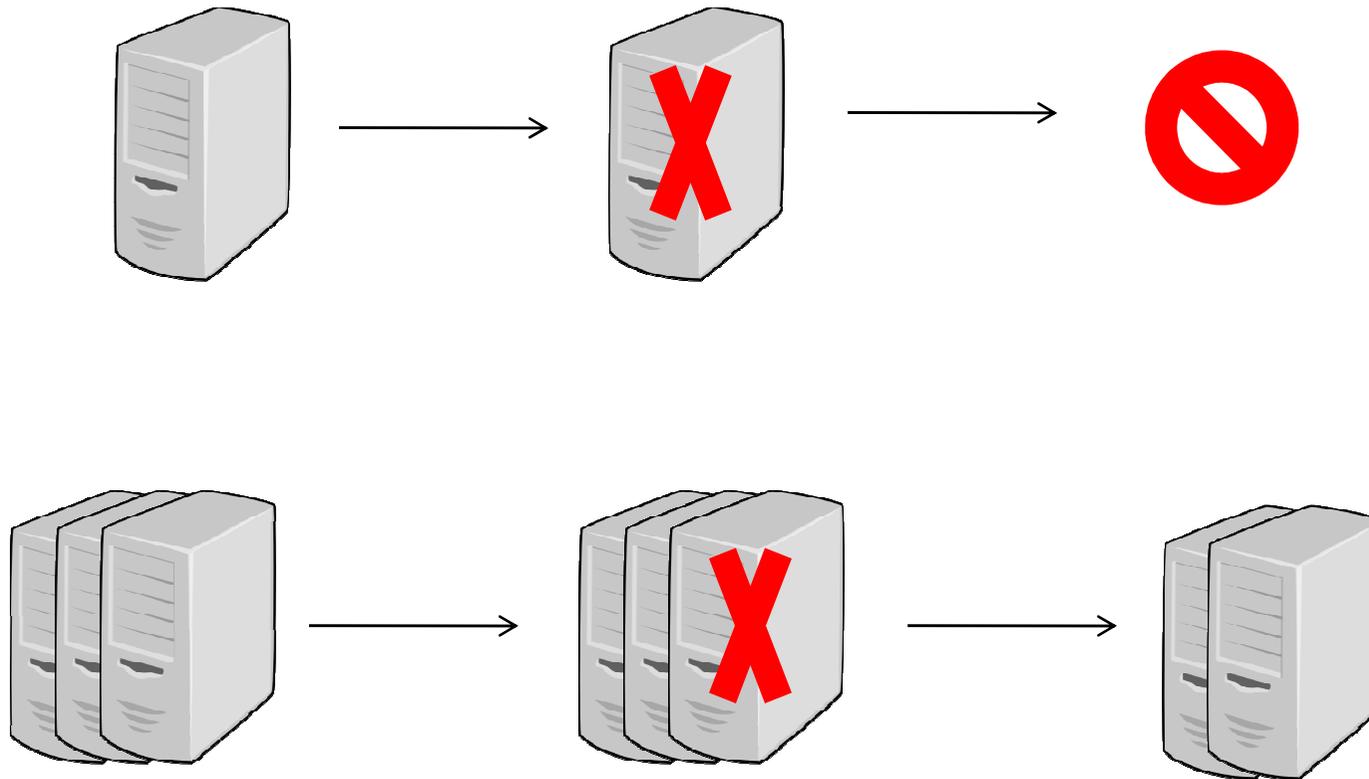
approach validation



D'une tolérance aux fautes byzantines
efficace à une tolérance aux fautes efficace

Lucas.perronne@imag.fr

Tolérance aux fautes via réplication d'état machine



Tolérance aux fautes byzantines

A l'attaque mes cocos !

A l'attaque mes cocos !



Général gégé



Colonel « le fidèle » coco



Colonel « le dissident » coco

Tolérance aux fautes byzantines



Colonel « le fidèle » coco

Gégé a dit "A l'attaque!"



Colonel « le dissident » coco

Gégé a dit "**RETRAITE !!!**"



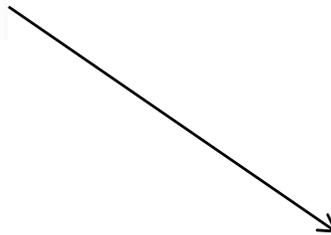
Dois-je attaquer ?
Dois-je battre en retraite?
A qui dois-je faire confiance?



Tolérance aux fautes byzantines : 3f+1



Tolérance aux fautes byzantines efficace



Tolérance aux fautes byzantines efficace



Journée des
doctorants
2015

Validation conjointe en UML et B de la sécurité des SI

Amira RADHOUANI

Directeurs de thèse: Yves LEDRU



Akram IDANI

Narjes BEN RAJEB



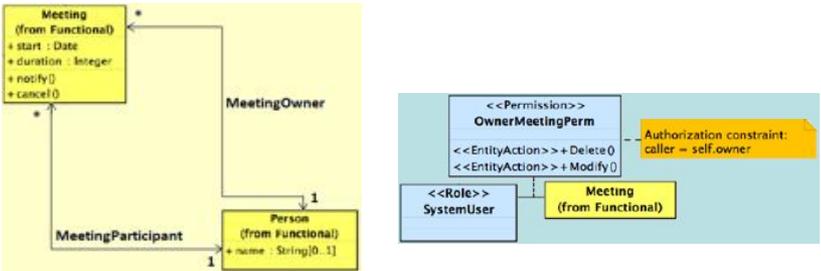
Laboratoire d'Informatique de
Grenoble

Contexte du travail

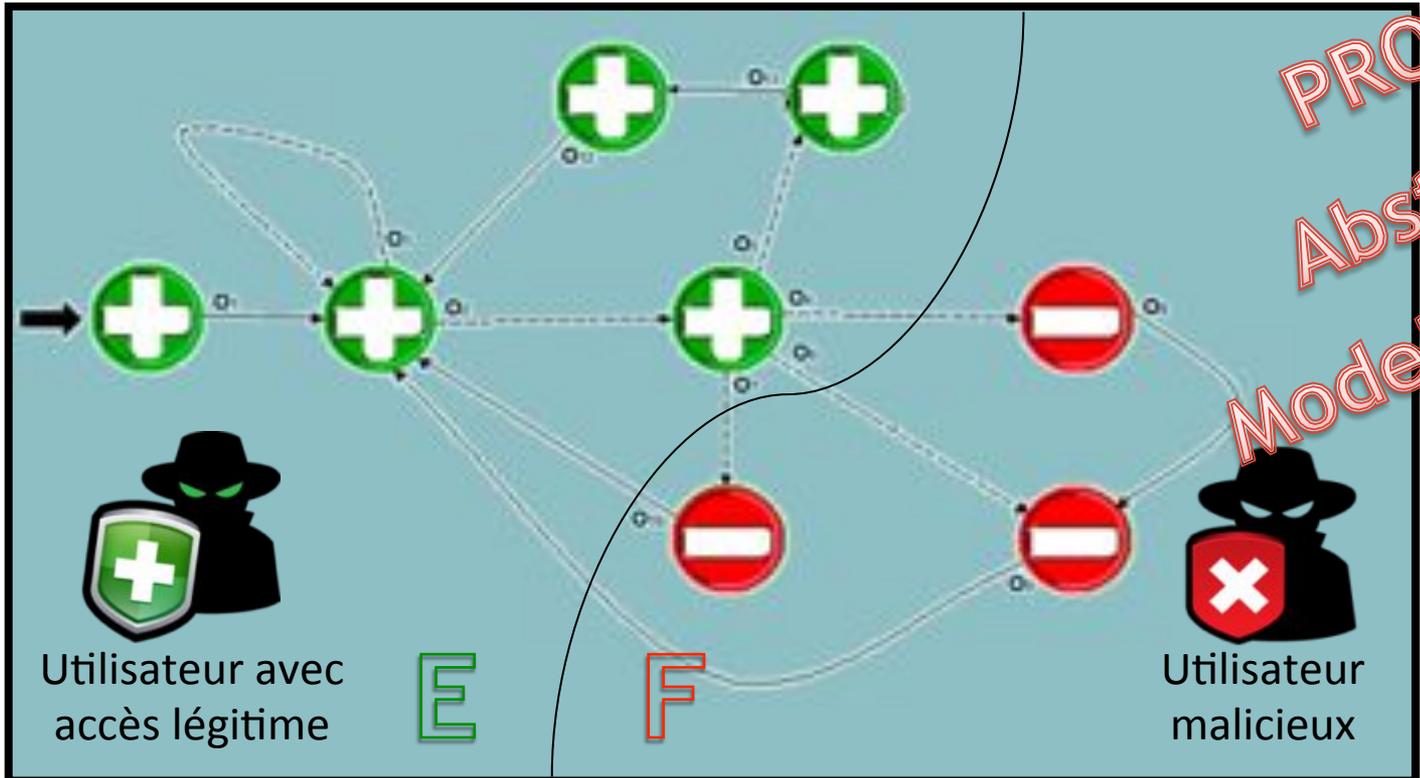


Validation conjointe en UML et B de la sécurité des SI

Comment?



Traduction en spécification formelle



PROOF
Abstraction
Model-checking

Validation conjointe de UML et B de la sécurité des SI

A+
@poster session





Peinture numérique 3D pour novices

Elisabeth Rousset / Equipe IIBM



Journée des doctorants 2015
Laboratoire d'Informatique de Grenoble



Un public amateur



123D



123D Make



123D Sculpt



123D Catch



SCULPTRIS

La création de contenu 3D

La création de contenu 3D

➤ Modélisation

La création de contenu 3D

- Modélisation
- Application de texture

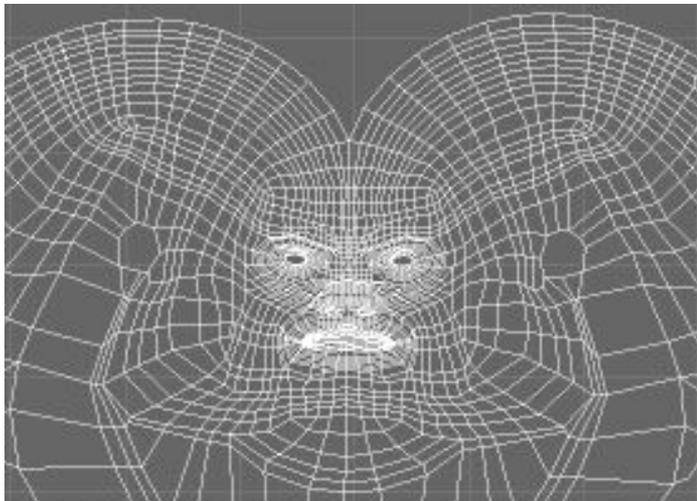
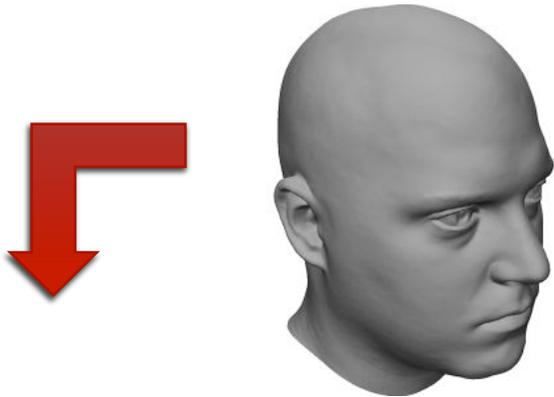
La création de contenu 3D

- Modélisation
- Application de texture
- Animation

La création de contenu 3D

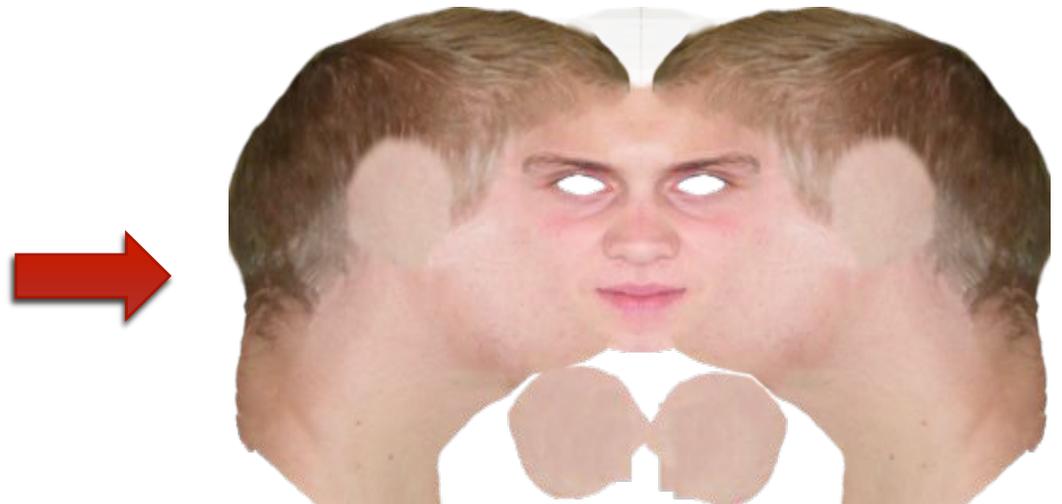
- Modélisation
- Application de texture → Peindre un modèle 3D
- Animation

Application de texture



➤ Dépliage de modèle et peinture 2D

Problème: peindre sur une surface déformée



Application de texture

➤ Peinture 3D par projection

Problème: manipuler le modèle de manière intuitive



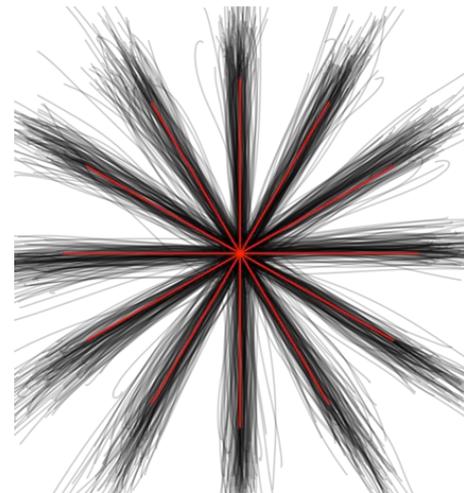
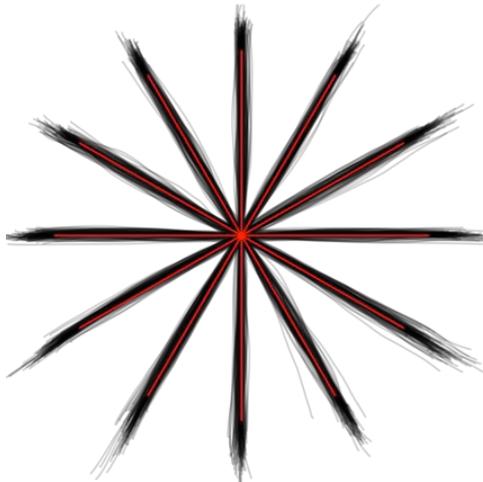
Objectif

- Rendre la manipulation 3D transparente pour la tâche de peinture
 - Etudier le matériel adapté
 - Améliorer l'interaction 3D

Dispositifs de peinture numérique



Dispositifs de peinture numérique





Merci





Géovisualisations pour la représentation des dynamiques spatiales

Application au risque d'inondation impactant le système ferroviaire

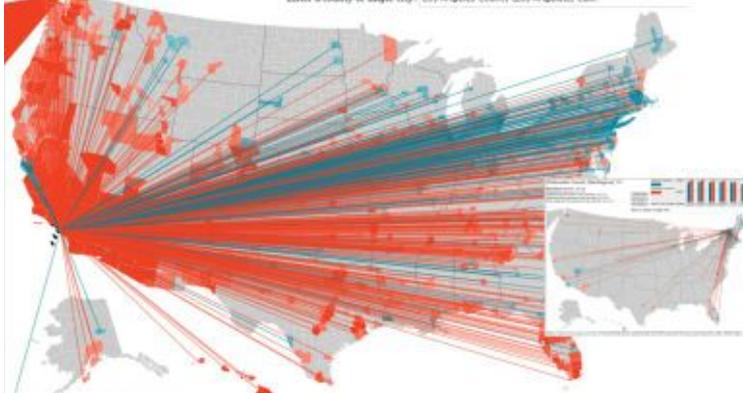
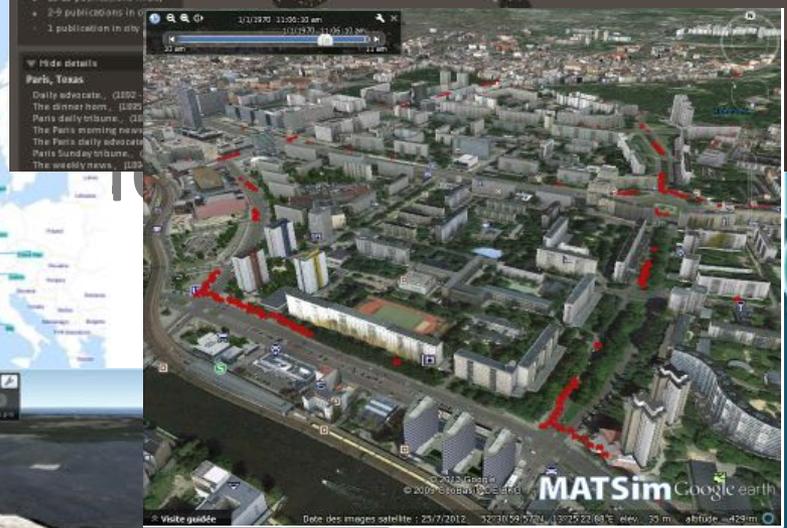
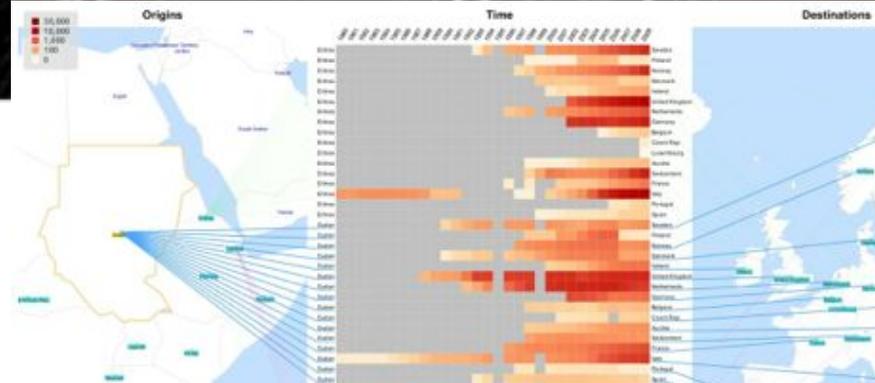
Cécile Saint-Marc

Thèse CIFRE SNCF – LIG
Ecole Doctorale ISCE

Discipline : Géomatique



Géomatique



STEAMER



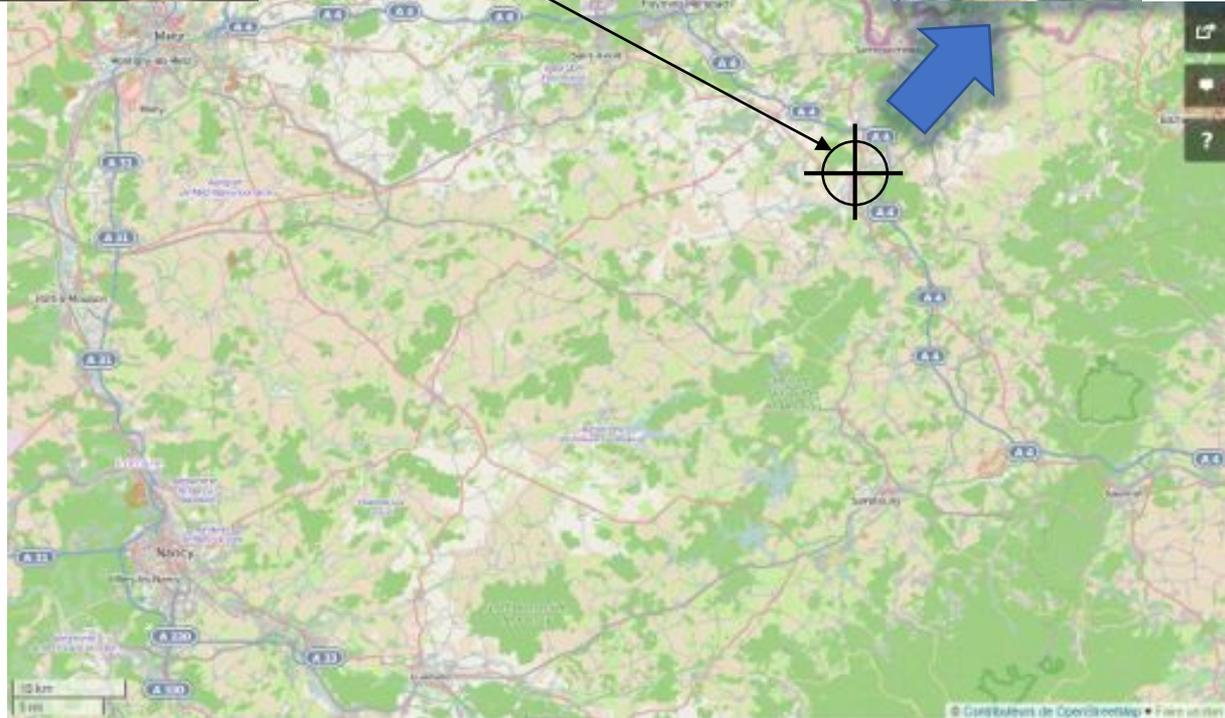
Catastrophes naturelles



1947

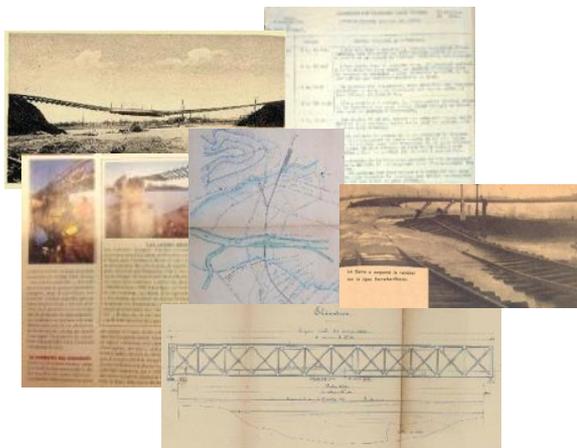


2010

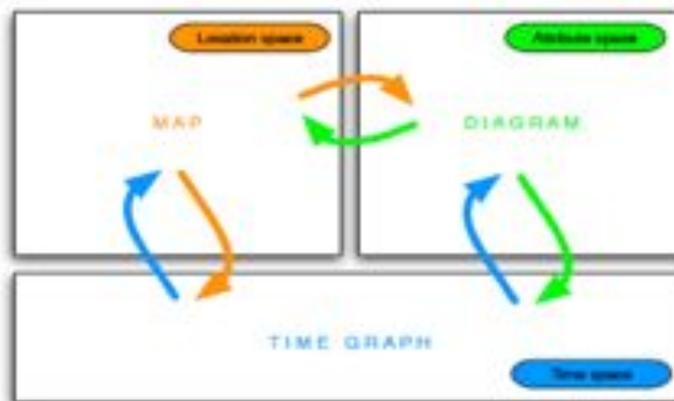
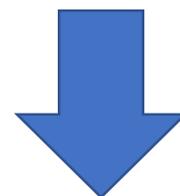
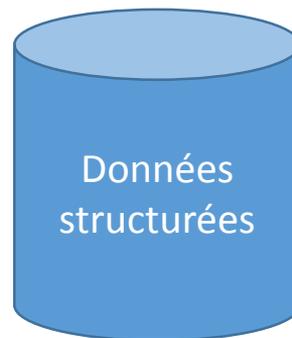
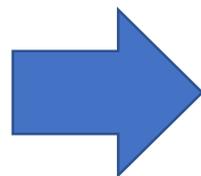




Enjeux



Documents d'archives,
témoignages



Géovisualisation

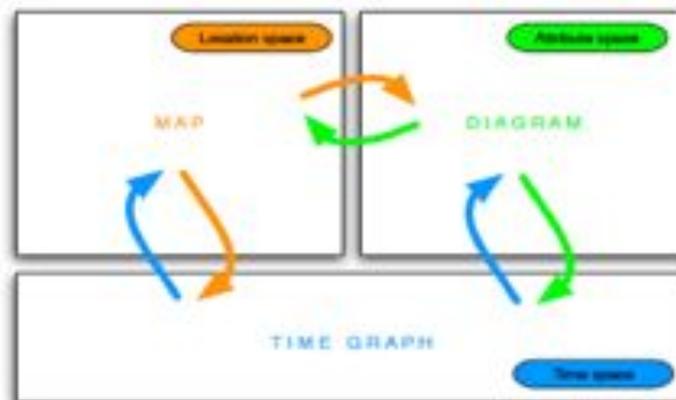
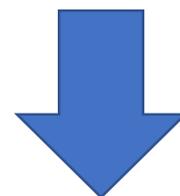
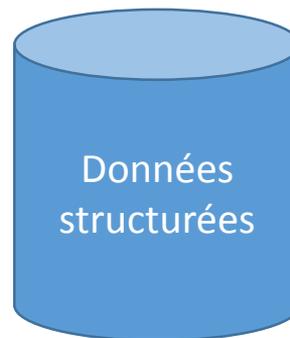
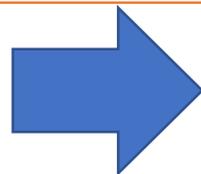


Enjeux



Documents d'archives,
témoignages

Données
hétérogènes,
peu structurées,
imprécises



Géovisualisation

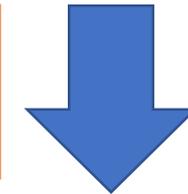
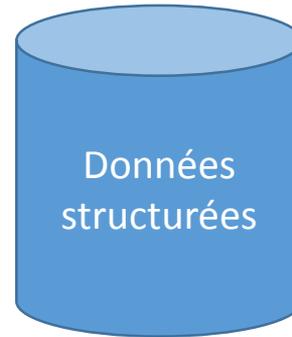
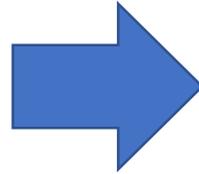


Enjeux

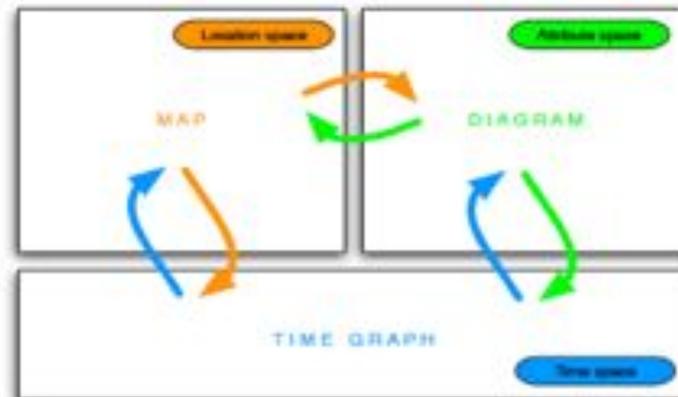


Documents d'archives,
témoignages

Données
hétérogènes,
peu structurées,
imprécises



Visualiser la dynamique
spatio-temporelle des
processus pour l'analyser



Géovisualisation

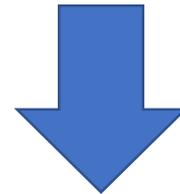
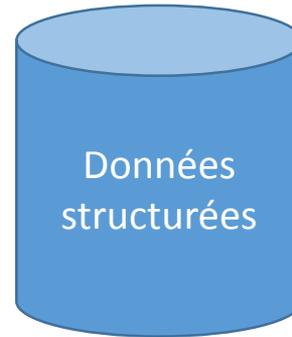
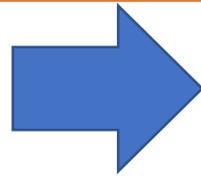


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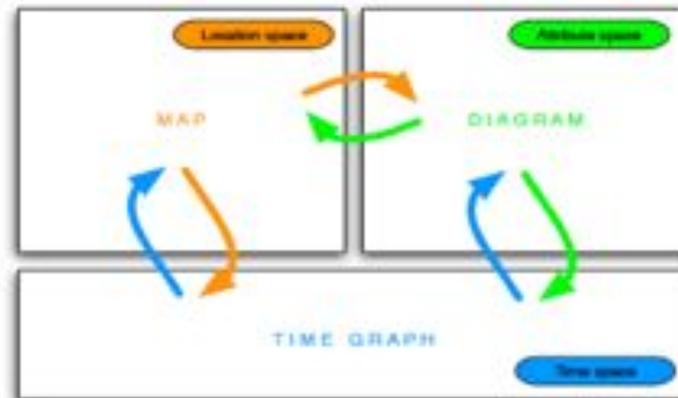
Documents d'archives, témoignages

Données hétérogènes, peu structurées, imprécises



Visualiser la dynamique spatio-temporelle des processus pour l'analyser

Visualiser les relations entre phénomènes variés



Géovisualisation

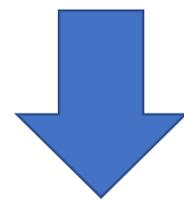
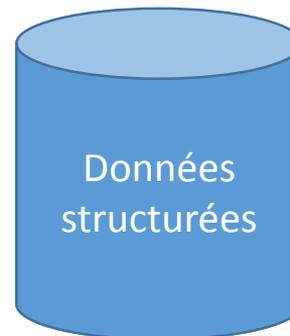
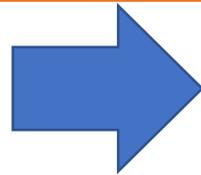


Enjeux



Documents d'archives, témoignages

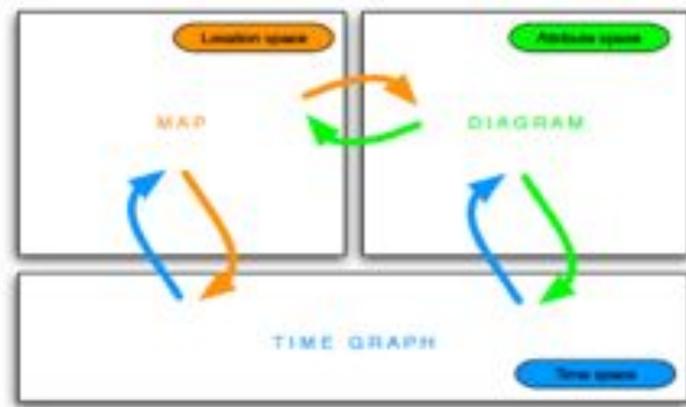
Données hétérogènes, peu structurées, imprécises



Visualiser la dynamique spatio-temporelle des processus pour l'analyser

Visualiser les relations entre phénomènes variés

Rendre compte des imperfections



Géovisualisation



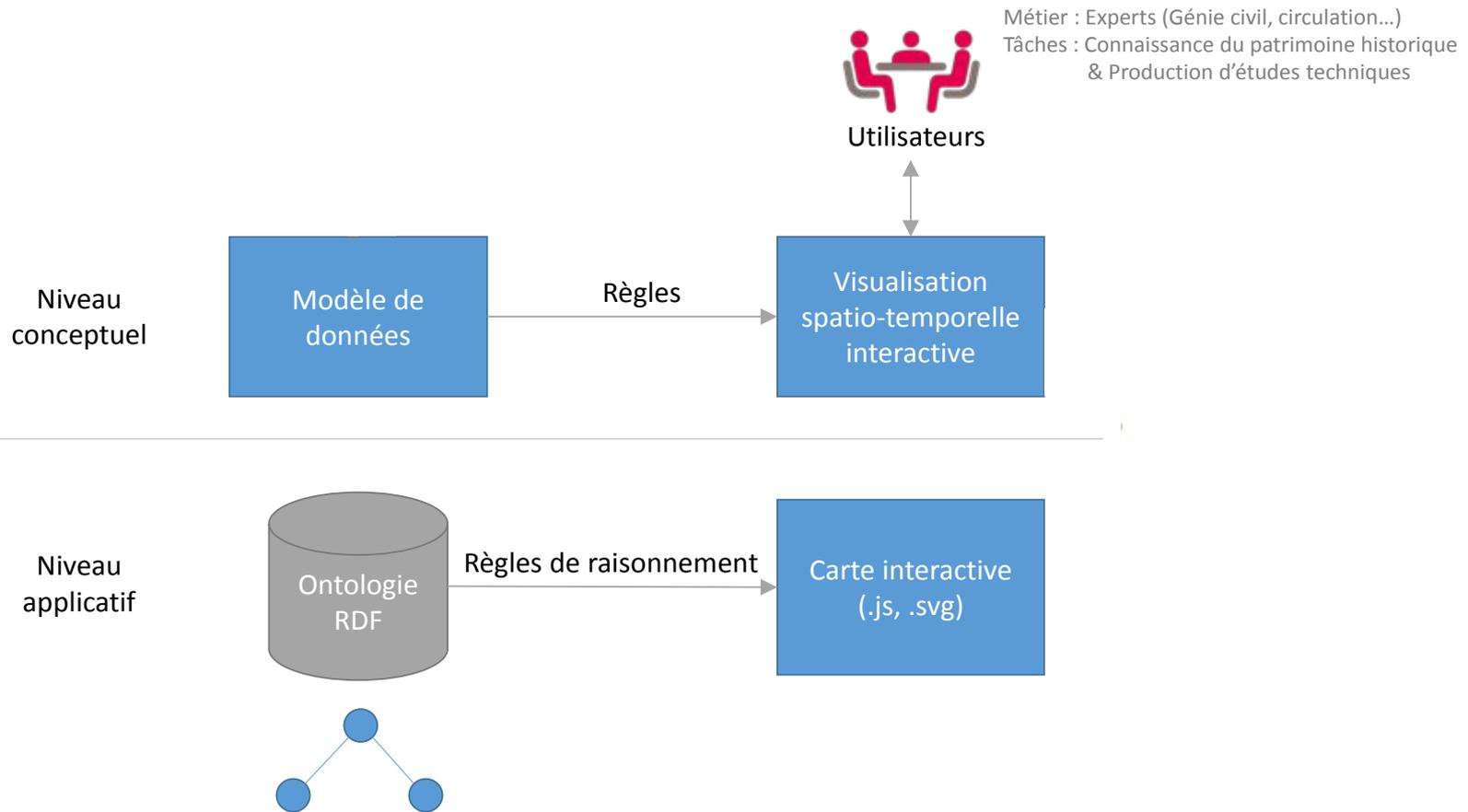
Objectifs

- ✧ **Définir des modes de visualisation spatio-temporelle**, adaptés aux spécificités des données historiques et aux utilisateurs, pour faciliter l'extraction de connaissances sur les dynamiques liant phénomènes spatiaux et système ferroviaire
- ✧ **Systematiser** le processus de **construction de géovisualisation de dynamiques** en prenant en compte les caractéristiques des données et les besoins des utilisateurs

Cas d'application : inondations majeures ayant impacté le système ferroviaire.



Démarche





Démarche

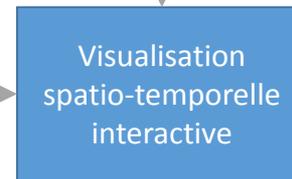


1. Structurer la connaissance sur les inondations et leurs impacts à moyen terme sur le système ferroviaire

Niveau conceptuel



Règles



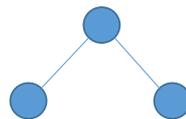
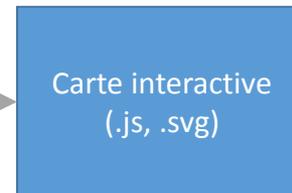
Utilisateurs

Métier : Experts (Génie civil, circulation...)
Tâches : Connaissance du patrimoine historique & Production d'études techniques

Niveau applicatif



Règles de raisonnement





Démarche

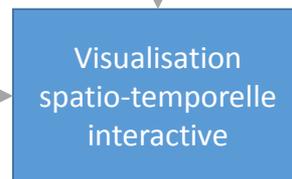


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Niveau conceptuel



Règles



Utilisateurs

Métier : Experts (Génie civil, circulation...)
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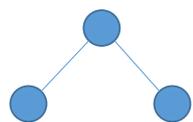
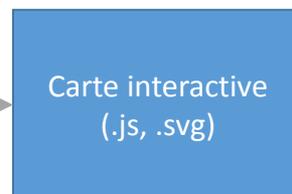
2. Elaborer des méthodes de visualisation spatio-temporelle montrant l'enchaînement des événements



Niveau applicatif



Règles de raisonnement





Démarche

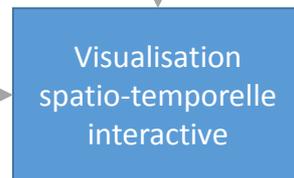


1. Structurer la connaissance sur les inondations et leurs impacts à moyen terme sur le système ferroviaire

Niveau conceptuel



Règles



Utilisateurs

Métier : Experts (Génie civil, circulation...)
Tâches : Connaissance du patrimoine historique & Production d'études techniques

3. Tester l'efficacité des propositions de visualisation via des méthodes de psychologie expérimentale

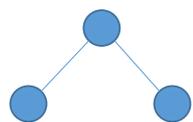
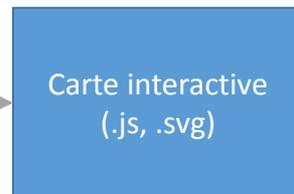
2. Elaborer des méthodes de visualisation spatio-temporelle montrant l'enchaînement des événements



Niveau applicatif



Règles de raisonnement





Démarche



1. Structurer la connaissance sur les inondations et leurs impacts à moyen terme sur le système ferroviaire

Niveau conceptuel



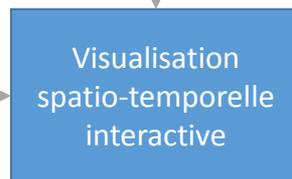
Règles

4. Définir les règles associant type de données et modes de visualisation



Utilisateurs

Métier : Experts (Génie civil, circulation...)
Tâches : Connaissance du patrimoine historique & Production d'études techniques



3. Tester l'efficacité des propositions de visualisation via des méthodes de psychologie expérimentale

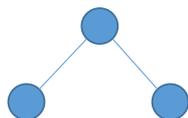
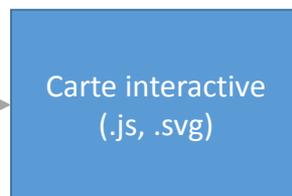
2. Elaborer des méthodes de visualisation spatio-temporelle montrant l'enchaînement des événements



Niveau applicatif



Règles de raisonnement





Démarche



1. Structurer la connaissance sur les inondations et leurs impacts à moyen terme sur le système ferroviaire

Niveau conceptuel



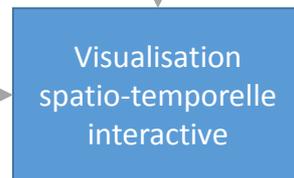
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3. Tester l'efficacité des propositions de visualisation via des méthodes de psychologie expérimentale

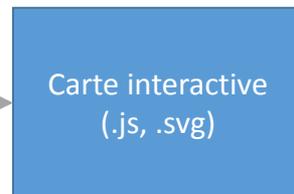
2. Elaborer des méthodes de visualisation spatio-temporelle montrant l'enchaînement des événements



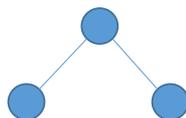
Niveau applicatif



Règles de raisonnement



5. Implémenter un prototype pour démontrer la faisabilité des propositions



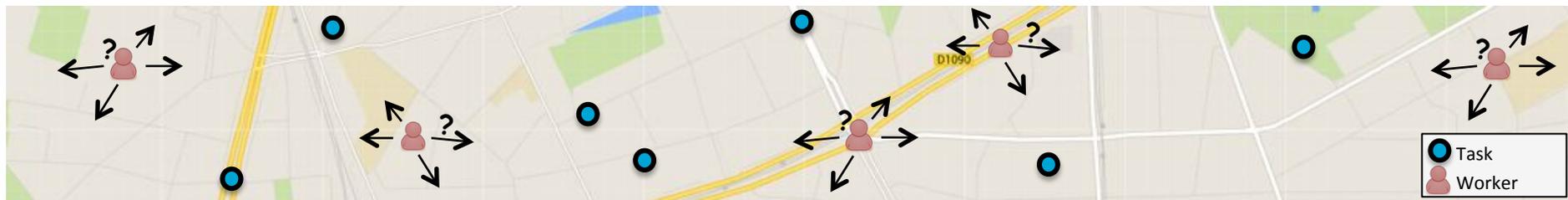
Towards Matching Improvement between Tasks and Workers in Spatial Crowdsourcing Systems

André Sales Fonteles

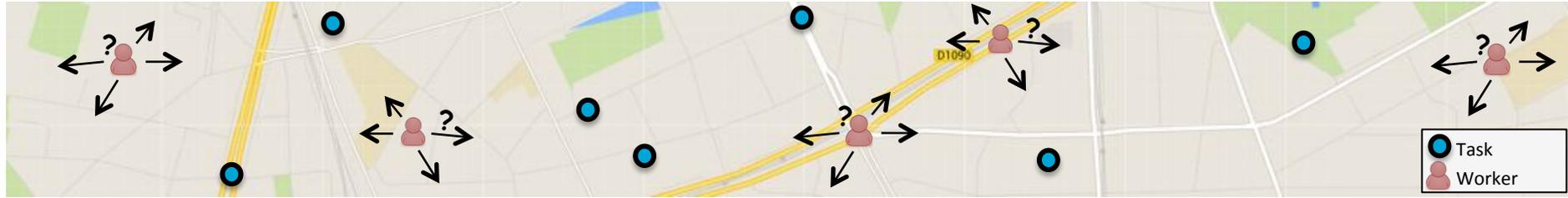
Advisors: Jérôme Gensel and Sylvain Bouveret



Context



Context



Matching Points of View

System

Maximize overall number of tasks accomplished.

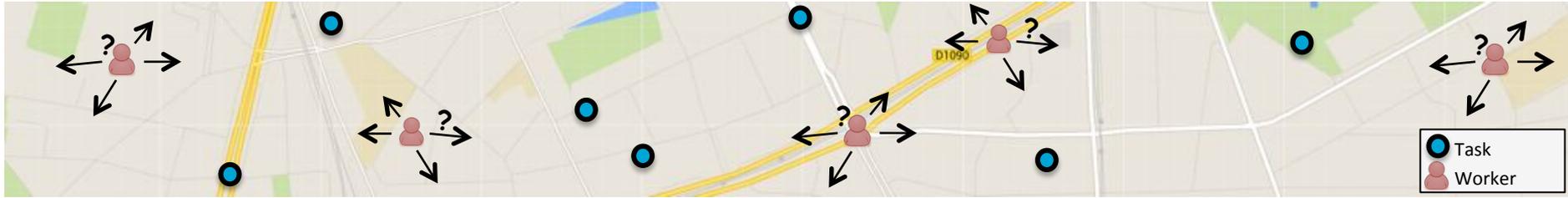
Worker

Tasks that best match worker's preferences.

Task

Workers that best match task required skills.

Context



Matching Points of View

System

Maximize overall number of tasks accomplished.

Worker

Tasks that best match worker's preferences.

Task

Workers that best match task required skills.

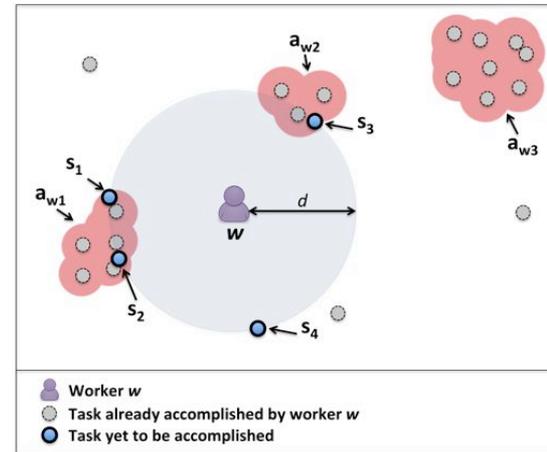
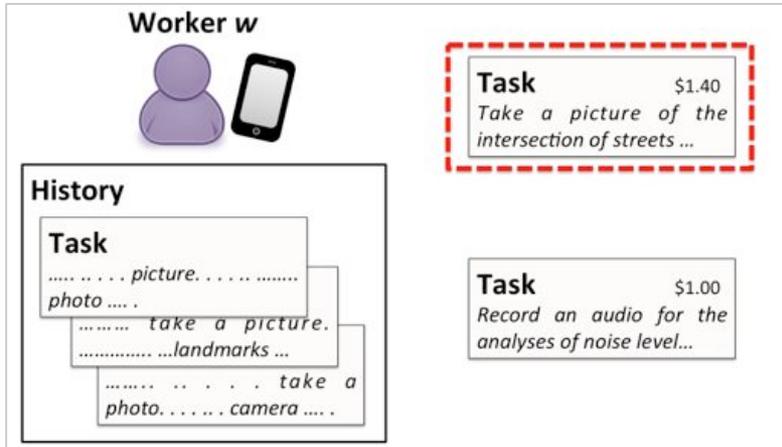
Current Objective

Help workers to find spatiotemporal tasks, and/or a sequence of them

- To improve the **overall contribution** of a worker.
- To increase the **quality of the service** provided by workers.

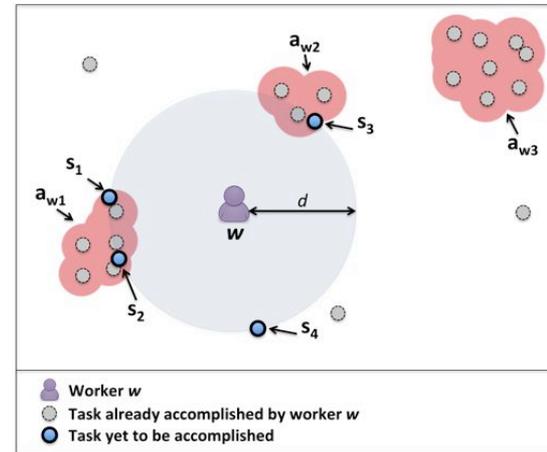
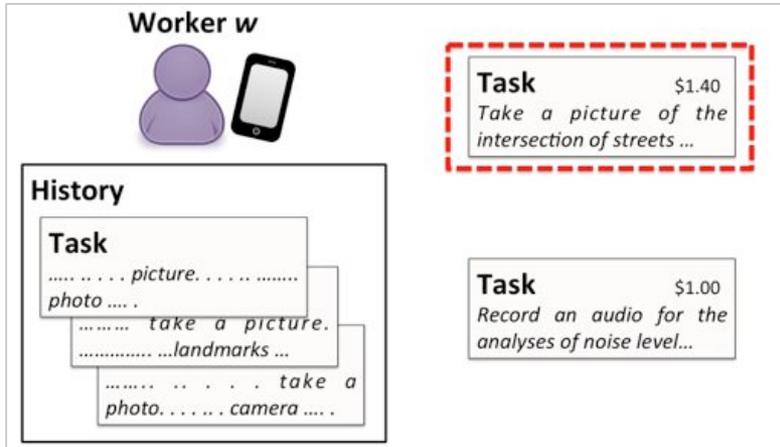
Proposal

Single Task Recommendation (Fonteles et al., 2014, MobiGIS) (Fonteles et al., 2014, SAGEO)

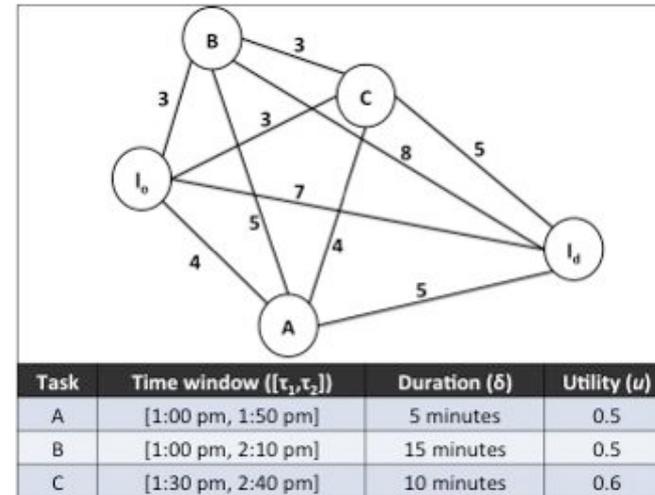
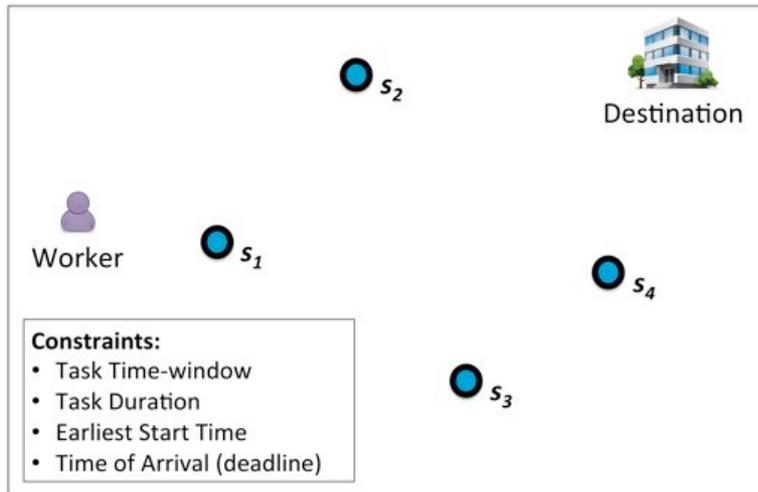


Proposal

Single Task Recommendation (Fonteles et al., 2014, MobiGIS) (Fonteles et al., 2014, SAGEO)



Task Sequence Recommendation (Fonteles et al., 2015, W2GIS)



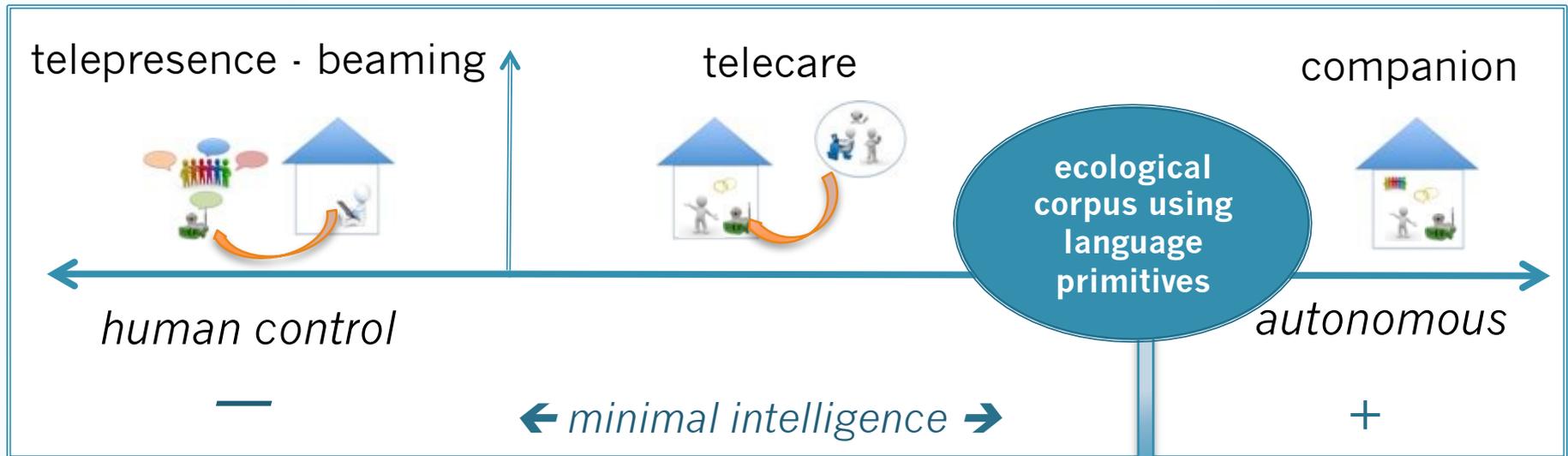
Towards Matching Improvement between Tasks and Workers in Spatial Crowdsourcing Systems

***For more information:
Come to see the poster***

Merci!



Context & paradigms



Social role :
smart home butler robot



emo
The Augmented Robot

AWAbot
— Beyond Robotics —

No
Speech

« pure prosody »
non phonological
mouth noises

« pure
prosody »
phonological
mouth noises

Micro-words &
onomatopoeia

Socio-
affective
prosody on
commands
imitation

+ *Socio-Affective GLUE*

Experiments

EEE: Elderly Emox Expressions corpus

Let socio-isolated elderly talk to Emox with graduated socio-affective prosody, would it become a communication prosthesis?

Scenario

- 1) Visit of Domus all together
- 2) Prepare to leave the elderly alone (experimenters acting)
- 3) Introduction to the voice commanded Smart Home and its « butler » Emox
- 4) Emox-Elderly Interactions
- 5) Return of the experimenters and their accomplices
- 6) Debriefing

EmOz : Wizard of Oz interface



Emox Robot control



Domus Smart Home control



Domus: Smart Home / living-lab

Results and perspectives

Before “glue”

=> Reading attitudes

After “glue”

- ⇒ Commands paraphrasings
- ⇒ Prosodic focuses and characteristics
- ⇒ Caring, politeness, guidance cues
- ⇒ Interaction tools change dynamically...

**Evaluation
in the same
experimental
context**

EEE Corpus : Elderly Emox Expressions

=> the dimensions of the “socio-affective glue”
=> “socio-affective language interaction tools” train
socio-isolated elderly to keep involve in communication
with other humans



Thank you for your attention

Hope to see you at the poster
session!

Time Series Centroid Estimation under weighted and kernel dynamic time warping

Saeid SOHEILY KHAH

Supervisors : Ahlame DOUZAL , Eric GAUSSIÉ

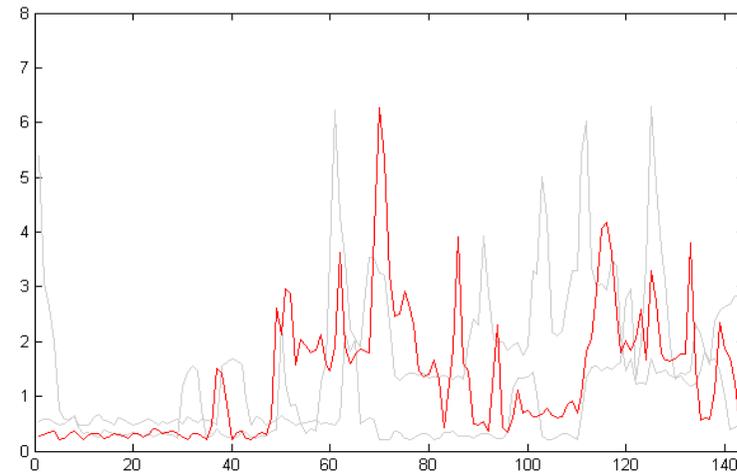


Time Series

A kind of **sequence** data:

- an ordered sort of elements
- order criteria : ***time***

(exp. power consumption)



Averaging a set of time series is involved in many data mining and machine learning processes as:

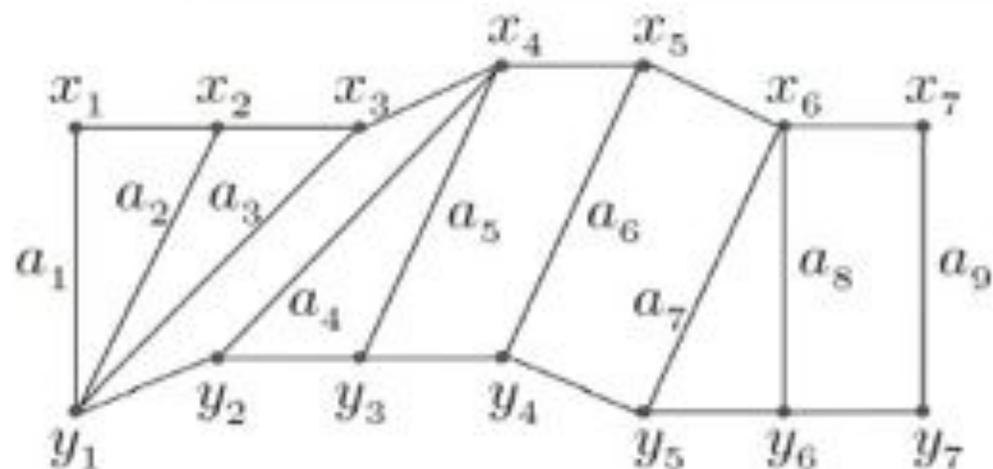
- **Summarizing** a set of time series
- Extracting temporal prototype
- **Clustering** time series

Challenging Question

centering more than two times series under temporal warping

$n = 2$

- pairwise alignment [one standard way]



	1	2	...	9
x	x_1	x_2	...	x_7
y	y_1	y_1	...	y_7
c	$\text{avg}(x_1, y_1)$	$\text{avg}(x_2, y_1)$...	$\text{avg}(x_7, y_7)$

$n > 2$

- need to handle the problem of multiple temporal alignment

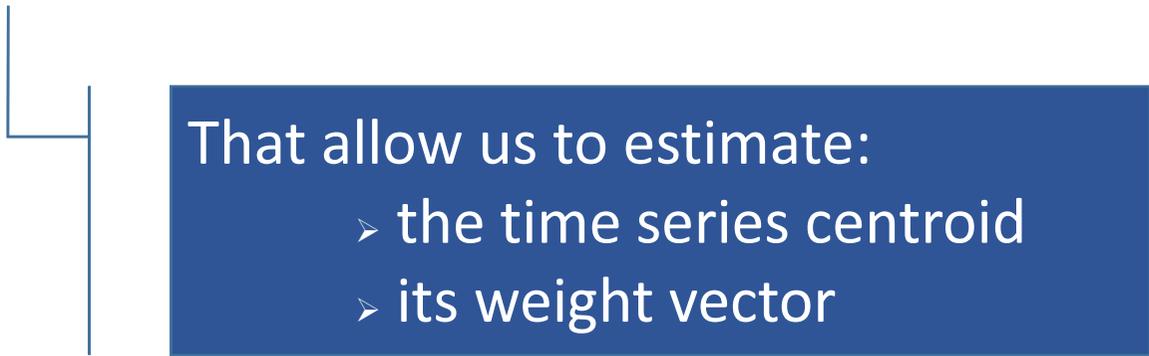
Objective

Formalize the multiple time series averaging problem as an optimization problem

Solution

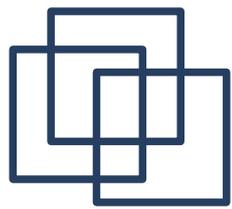
Propose an **optimal solution** for the barycenter estimation under:

- weighted DTW metric
- kernel DTW metric

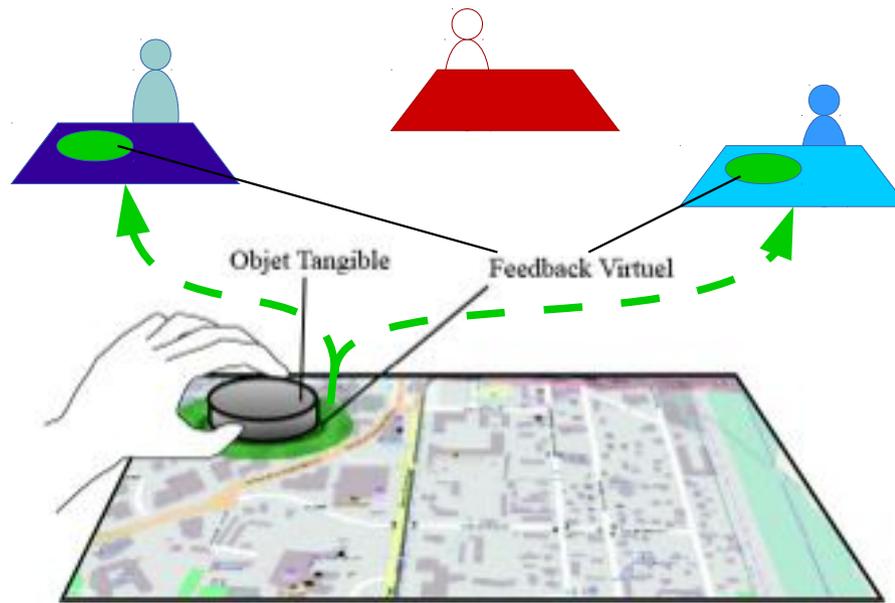


That allow us to estimate:

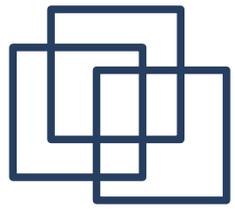
- the time series centroid
- its weight vector



Décisions collectives en environnements interactifs et collaboratifs complexes : Application à la gestion de crise



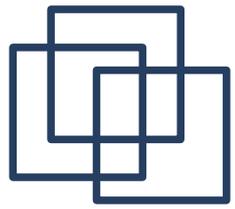
Lauren Thévin
LIG-AMA
LIG-Magma
EMSE-Institut Henri Fayol/ISCOD,



Contexte

- Gestion de crise :
 - Risques majeurs(naturels, industriels, transport)
 - Acteurs secours et sauvegarde (pro et non pro)
- Plan communal de sauvegarde
- Exercice avec Table TangiSense:
 - test et appropriation

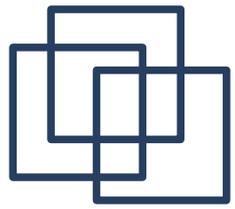




Défis

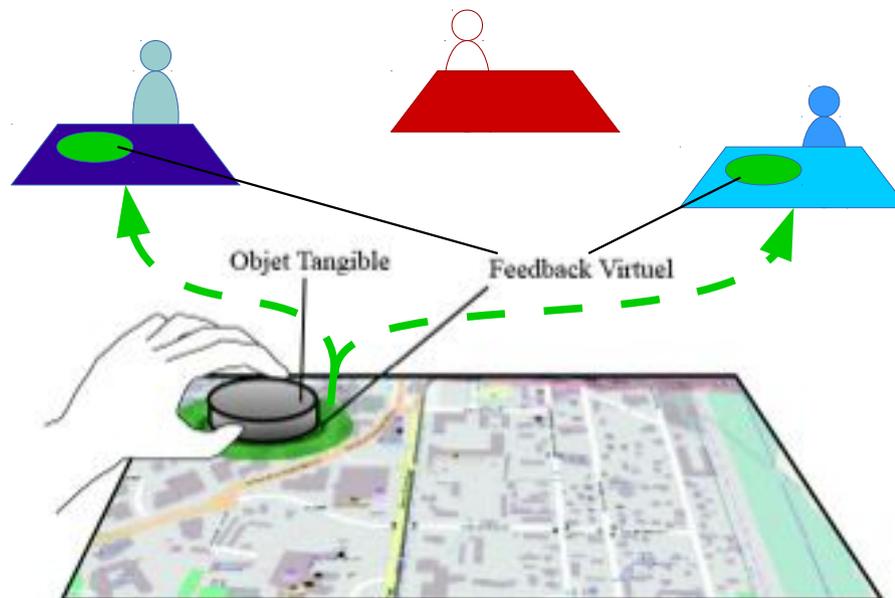
- Points de vue organisationnel multiples
 - Partage : Environnement et Organisation
 - Aide : résolution de conflit

- Coordination à distance
 - Interaction tangible
 - Retour virtuel



Merci de votre attention

- Pour en savoir plus, rendez-vous à la session poster





Software Transactional Memory with Autonomic Management Techniques

Naweiluo Zhou – *Grenoble University/INRIA, France*
Gwenael Delaval – *Grenoble University, France*
Eric Rutten – *INRIA, France*
Jean-Francois Mehaut – *Grenoble University/CEA, France*

Naweiluo.Zhou@inria.fr

March 27th, 2015



1. Introduction to Parallel Program

Multi-core Processor

- Multi-core processors are everywhere, more parallelisms/concurrency levels give higher performance?
- Many threads execute concurrently. Threads share data. More threads maybe more conflict!

Synchronization VS Computation

A high concurrency level may decline computing time, but increase synchronization time. How to handle the trade-off between synchronization and computation?

1. Introduction to Parallel Program

Locks

A traditional way for synchronization. But:

- Deadlocks, vulnerability to failures, faults...
- Difficult to detect deadlocks
- Hard to figure out the interaction among concurrent operations

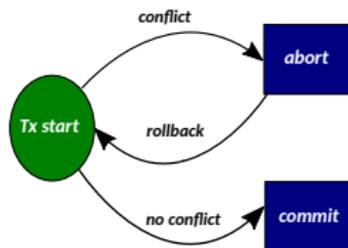
Transactional Memory

Lock-free, therefore no deadlocks! But really? Any problems? Why transactional memory does not become the dominating memory system?

2. Transactional Memory

Concepts

- Shared variables are wrapped by **transactions** (atomic blocks)
- concurrent accesses are performed inside transactions
- Transactions are executed speculatively and can either commit or abort.



2. Transactional Memory

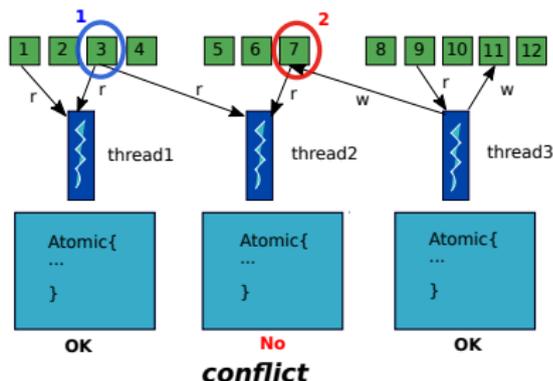
Example

consider three threads read/write data from/to the objects of different memory locations. Access occur inside transactions

how to solve the conflict



I detect the conflict, I wait
then I continue



2. Autonomic Management

Design the system wisely making it:

- **Self-configuration:** a new component learns the system configurations
- **Self-optimization:** seek to improve performance & efficiency
- **Self-healing:** recover from failures
- **Self-protection:** defend against attacks

Questions?